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EL580850245US, addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents,
 Washington, DC 20231.

Attorney Docket No.: ACC1P004

First Named Inventor: TAM

Heather Haili

jc398 U.S. PTO
 09/551825
 04/17/00

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (37 CFR. § 1.53(b))
 (Regular application claiming priority of a provisional)

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
 Box Patent Application
 Washington, DC 20231

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 fee processing

Sir: This is a request for filing a patent application under 37 CFR. § 1.53(b) in the name of inventors:
 Tommy H. Tam, Ricky Mok, Sherman C. Luk

For: **ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM WITH ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS**

Priority from U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/149,346 filed on August 18, 1999 and U.S.
 Provisional Application No. 60/154,201 filed on September 15, 1999 are claimed under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).

Application Elements:

- ☒ 61 Pages of Specification, Claims, Abstract
☒ 39 Sheets of Drawings
☒ 03 Pages Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney
☐ Separate Declaration

Accompanying Application Parts:

- ☒ Assignment and Assignment Recordation Cover Sheet (recording fee of \$40.00 enclosed)
☐ Separate Power of Attorney by Assignee
☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement by Assignee
☐ Information Disclosure Statement with Form PTO-1449
☐ Copies of IDS Citations
☐ Preliminary Amendment
☒ Return Receipt Postcard
☒ Small Entity Statement(s)
☐ Other:

Fee Calculation (37 CFR § 1.16)

	(Col. 1) <u>NO. FILED</u>	(Col. 2) <u>NO. EXTRA</u>	<u>SMALL ENTITY</u> <u>RATE</u>	<u>FEE</u>	<u>OR</u>	<u>LARGE ENTITY</u> <u>RATE</u>	<u>FEE</u>
BASIC FEE			\$345	\$345	OR	\$690	\$
TOTAL CLAIMS	<u>29</u> -20 =	<u>09</u>	x9 =	\$81	OR	x18 =	\$
INDEP CLAIMS	<u>04</u> -03 =	<u>01</u>	x39 =	\$39	OR	x78 =	\$
[] Multiple Dependent Claim Presented			\$130 =	\$	OR	\$260 =	\$
* If the difference in Col. 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in Col. 2.			Total	\$465	OR	Total	\$

☒ Check No. 7547 in the amount of \$505.00 is enclosed.

☒ The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fees beyond the amount enclosed which may be required, or to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 50-0388 (Order No. ACC1P004).

General Authorization for Petition for Extension of Time (37 CFR §1.136)

☒ Applicants hereby make and generally authorize any Petitions for Extensions of Time as may be needed for any subsequent filings. The Commissioner is also authorized to charge any extension fees under 37 CFR §1.17 as may be needed to Deposit Account No. 50-0388 (Order No. ACC1P004).

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Applicant/Patentee: TAM et al.
Application or Patent No. Not Yet Assigned Atty Docket # ACC1P004
Filed or Issued: HEREWITH

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(c)--SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that I am

☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:

☒ an official empowered to act on behalf of the small business concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN: Accela Corporation

ADDRESS: 168 S. Bernardo Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94086

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, U.S. Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention entitled: ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM WITH ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS, by inventor(s) Tommy H. Tam, Ricky Mok, and Sherman C. Luk, described in

☒ the specification filed herewith.

☐ Application No. _____ filed _____

☐ patent # _____ issued _____

If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed below* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

*Note: separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

Name: _____

Address: _____

☐ individual ☐ small business concern ☐ nonprofit organization

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b)).

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 1001 of Title 18 of the U.S. Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: Tommy H. Tam

TITLE IN ORGANIZATION: President

SIGNATURE Tommy Tam DATE 4/14/00

PATENT APPLICATION

ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM WITH ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

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ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM WITH ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

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CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/149,346, filed August 18, 1999, and entitled "ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM", and which is hereby incorporated by reference herein. This application also claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/154,201, filed September 15, 1999, and entitled "ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM", and which is hereby incorporated by reference herein.

15

This application is also related to the following applications, filed concurrently herewith and incorporated herein by reference: (1) U.S. Patent Application No. _____ (Att.Dkt.No. ACC1P001), entitled "ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM"; (2) U.S. Patent Application No. _____ (Att.Dkt.No. ACC1P002), entitled "GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE FOR ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM"; and (3) U.S. Patent Application No. _____ (Att.Dkt.No. ACC1P003), entitled "METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MAKING ON-LINE APPOINTMENTS USING PREDETERMINED APPOINTMENT TYPES".

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to calendars and appointments and, more particularly, on-line calendars and appointments.

2. Description of the Related Art

10 For many years, individuals and businesses have maintained printed calendars to schedule their time and to remember when events have been scheduled. Typically, individuals or business representatives would write on the printed calendars when scheduling events. More sophisticated scheduling and time management printed products are also used to maintain schedules and guide time management. Besides printed calendars, electronic calendars are commonplace. Electronic calendars are provided by software executing on various computing devices, such as personal computers (e.g., Microsoft Outlook) or handheld computers (e.g., PalmPilot). These types of devices, whether paper or electronic based, are generally referred to as personal information managers (PIMs).

15 In addition, when making appointments, individuals and business representatives often view their respective calendars and converse in person or via telephone as to when their schedules permit the scheduling of an appointment. This requires that all parties to the appointment converse in selecting a date and time for an appointment. As a consequence, it is often difficult and frustrating when trying to schedule appointments.

25 More recently, web-based calendars have been created and made available to users over the Internet. These calendars allow users with Internet access to maintain their own calendar on-line. FIG. 1 is a screen shot of a web-based calendar offered by Yahoo Inc. at www.calendar.yahoo.com. A user can access their web-based calendar by use of a network browser (e.g., HTML browser) coupled to the Internet. These web-based calendars allow users to

maintain their schedule of events on the Internet. Some of the advantages of web-based calendars are that they are accessible worldwide and can be shared amongst users. However, there are several disadvantages to existing web-based calendars. One disadvantage is that appointment capabilities are not provided.

5 More particularly, although web-based calendars are provided there has conventionally not been any means to efficiently schedule on-line appointments with others. While a user of a web-based calendar could interact with a network browser to schedule an event in his/her own web-based calendar, there is no automated on-line mechanism to schedule appointments.

10 There is a need for improved on-line calendars and appointment making capabilities.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

15 Broadly speaking, the invention relates to on-line appointments provided over a network. The network is, for example, a global computer network such as the Internet. One aspect of the invention provides for various notifications to requestors pertaining to appointments with individuals or businesses (e.g., service providers). In one implementation, the notifications can be provided by electronic mail. Another aspect of the invention is that notifications pertaining to
20 requested appointments can be provided to service providers that have not previously registered to receive on-line appointments.

The invention can be implemented in numerous ways, including as a method, graphical user interface, system, apparatus, or computer readable medium. Several embodiments of the invention are discussed below.

25 As a computer implemented method for providing on-line appointment services over a global computer network, one embodiment of the invention includes the acts of: registering service providers for on-line appointments over the global computer network, the registering providing appointment availability information for the registered service providers; requesting an on-line

appointment between a user and one of the registered service providers over the global computer network based on the availability information; sending an electronic notification message to the associated one of the registered service providers informing the registered service provider that an on-line appointment
5 has been requested with them; receiving a confirmation or a decline decision for the on-line appointment being requested from the registered service provider; and electronically notifying the user requesting the on-line appointment of the confirmation or decline via email. Further, another embodiment of the invention can further include the act of receiving, subsequent to the receiving of the
10 confirmation of the on-line appointment, a cancellation decision for the on-line appointment from the registered service provider and then electronically notifying the user that the previously requested and confirmed on-line appointment has been cancelled via email.

As a method for providing an on-line appointment between a user and a
15 service provider over a network, one embodiment of the invention includes the acts of: receiving a request for appointment availability of the service provider during a time period; determining available appointment times within the time period for the service provider; transmitting the available appointment times to the user; receiving a selected appointment time from the available appointment
20 times; requesting the on-line appointment between the user and the service provider at the selected appointment time; and sending an electronic notification message to the service provider informing the service provider that the on-line appointment has been requested with them at the selected appointment time.

As a method for providing an on-line appointment over a network,
25 another embodiment of the invention includes the acts of: transmitting a user's electronic calendar to a user; transmitting a list of available service providers to the user; receiving a request for appointment availability of a selected one of the available service providers; determining available time slots for the selected one of the available service providers; transmitting the available time slots to the
30 user; receiving a time slot selection from the available time slots to establish an appointment with the selected one of the available service providers; updating the user's electronic calendar with the appointment; updating an electronic

calendar for the selected one of the available service providers with the appointment; and sending an electronic notification message to the selected one of the available service providers informing the service provider that the appointment has been requested with them at the time slot selected.

5 As an on-line appointment system, one embodiment of the invention includes an appointment server coupled to the Internet, and an appointment database coupled to the appointment server. The appointment server manages scheduling of appointments between requestors and service providers. The appointment database stores on-line calendars for the service providers and the requestors that have registered with the appointment server. The on-line
10 calendars also include appointment indications for the appointments scheduled with the appointment server. The appointment database also stores a directory of service providers with whom appointment can be scheduled.

The advantages of the invention are numerous. Different embodiments or
15 implementations may have one or more of the following advantages. One advantage of the invention is users and service providers are able to be notified of appointment related information. The appointment related information can inform the recipient of a request for an appointment, acceptance or decline of the requested appointment, or cancellation of the appointment. Another
20 advantage of the invention is that notifications can even be provided to service providers that have not previously registered to receive on-line appointments. Still another advantage of the invention is that appointments can be efficiently established on-line at any time day or night. Appointments can also be established without the need to waiting for personal assistance to schedule an
25 appointment with a service provider. Still another advantage of the invention is that user can manage and schedule appointments with various service providers using a central website.

Other aspects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying
30 drawings, illustrating by way of example the principles of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be readily understood by the following detailed description in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein
5 like reference numerals designate like structural elements, and in which:

FIG. 1 is a screen shot of a web-based calendar offered by Yahoo Inc.;

FIG. 2A is a block diagram of an on-line appointment management system according to one embodiment of the invention;

10 FIG. 2B is a block diagram of an appointment server and an appointment database according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 3A is a flow diagram of an on-line appointment service processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 3B is a flow diagram of appointment processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

15 FIGs. 4A and 4B are flow diagrams of consumer-side on-line appointment processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIGs. 5A-5C are flow diagrams of server-side on-line appointment processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

20 FIG. 5D is a flow diagram of client-side new user processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 5E is a flow diagram of server-side new user processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 6 is a flow diagram of client-side appointment-type processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 7 is a flow diagram of server-side appointment type processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIGs. 8A and 8B are flow diagrams of service provider appointment review processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

5 FIGs. 9A and 9B are flow diagrams of server-side appointment review processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 10 is a flow diagram of client-side restricted appointment request processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

10 FIG. 11 is a flow diagram of a server-side restricted appointment request processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 12 is a block diagram of a service provider's computer according to one embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 13 is a flow diagram of synchronization application processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

15 FIG. 14 is a flow diagram of server-side appointment synchronization processing according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 15 is a registration screen in which a new user to the appointment system can register on-line;

20 FIG. 16 is a setup screen in which a user can configure how he/she wishes his/her calendar to appear when he/she accesses the appointment website;

FIG. 17 is an appointment availability screen in which the user provides additional information concerning their availability for scheduling appointments, types of appointments, etc., assuming that the user is permitting appointments;

25 FIG. 18 is a user's calendar screen in which a user's calendar page is depicted;

FIG. 19 is an add event screen which an add event page is displayed;

FIG. 20 is an exemplary add event screen in which a new event is being requested for addition to the user's calendar via an add event page;

FIG. 21 is an exemplary user's calendar screen in which an updated
5 user's calendar page is depicted;

FIG. 22 is an event details screen in which event details pertaining to the event scheduled with respect to FIG. 20 are visible on the display screen;

FIG. 23 depicts a screen containing a search form that a user can utilize in searching for a service provider with whom the user is interested in making an
10 appointment;

FIG. 24 depicts a screen contain a search results page which contain the search results of a search carried out using the search form of FIG. 23;

FIG. 25 is a screen depicting an available appointment types page for the selected service provider;

FIG. 26 depicts an appointment time slot selection screen;

FIG. 27 depicts an appointment details screen;

FIG. 28 is a user's calendar screen in which a user's calendar page is depicted;

FIG. 29 illustrates the user's calendar screen of FIG. 28 after the selected
20 service provider has confirmed the requested appointment;

FIG. 30 depicts an address book screen that provides an address book for the user; and

FIGs. 31-39 are screen depictions associated with the scheduling and confirmation of a requested appointment from the respective of two registered
25 users.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

5 The invention relates to techniques for providing on-line appointments over a network. The network is, for example, a global computer network such as the Internet. One aspect of the invention provides for various notifications to requestors pertaining to appointments with individuals or businesses (e.g., service providers). In one implementation, the notifications can be provided by electronic mail. Another aspect of the invention is that notifications pertaining to requested appointments can be provided to service providers that have not previously registered to receive on-line appointments.

15 The invention allows users to schedule appointments with other users over a network. In other words, users are able to schedule appointments over the network by on-line means. The users are typically individuals or service providers. Service providers are normally those businesses that offer appointments to schedule their services. Numerous service providers utilize appointments. Examples of service providers include beauty shops, auto repair shops, government offices, professionals (including lawyers, dentists, doctors, accountants, etc.), and many more.

20 FIG. 2A is a block diagram of an on-line appointment management system 200 according to one embodiment of the invention. The on-line appointment management system 200 facilitates the making of appointments between users (e.g., consumers) and service providers. The on-line appointment management system 200 includes an appointment server 202 coupled to an appointment database 204. The appointment server 202 is also coupled to a network 206. The network 206 is, for example, a global computer network (such as the Internet) or other network (such as a local area network, a wide area network or an intranet). The network 206 can be implemented with wired technologies, wireless technologies or a combination of wired and wireless technologies. The on-line appointment management system 200 also includes a consumer's computer 208 that couples to the network 206, and a service

provider's computer 210 that couples to the network 206. The computers used by consumers or service providers can take many forms and sizes, including desktop personal computers, notebook computers, personal digital assistants, portable computing devices, palm computers, etc.

5 The on-line appointment management system 200 allows users (e.g., consumers) to request appointments with other users (e.g., service providers), and also allows users (e.g., service providers) to accept or decline the requested appointments. For example, in one implementation, a user of the consumer's computer 208 can access the appointment server 202 through the network 206
10 to request an appointment with a given service provider at a particular date and time. Thereafter, the service provider can be informed of the requested appointment and then either confirm or reject the appointment.

 In another implementation, the appointment server 202 also provides calendars for the users (consumers and service providers). The calendars allow
15 the users to maintain their schedules on-line and thus accessible from various computers with access to the network 206. In this implementation, a user can still request an appointment with a service provider. Since the service provider also has a calendar, the appointment server 202 is able to determine when the service provider has time available for appointments. In requesting an
20 appointment with the service provider, the user selects from the available appointment times. Thereafter, the service provider is notified of the requested appointment and given the opportunity to accept or decline the requested appointment. Once the requested appointment has been accepted (or confirmed), the requested appointment becomes a confirmed appointment and
25 can appear as being "confirmed" on the respective calendars of the user and service provider.

 FIG. 2B is a block diagram of an appointment server 250 and an appointment database 252 according to one embodiment of the invention. The appointment server 250 represents a more detailed embodiment of the
30 appointment server 202 illustrated in FIG. 2A, and the appointment database

252 represents a more detailed embodiment of the appointment database 204 illustrated in FIG. 2A.

The appointment server 250 includes a web server 254 that manages the network interaction with respect to the network 206. The web server 254 communicates or uses the resources of a search manager 256, a calendar/appointment manager 258, and an email manager 260. The search manager 256 allows the appointment server 250 to search a directory, such as a business directory, to locate businesses (i.e., service providers) of interest to a user. The calendar/appointment manager 258 provides the resources to provide users with calendars and to allow users to make appointments. The email manager 260 allows for the automatic distribution of electronic mail to provide various notifications. Each of the search manager 256, the calendar/appointment manager 258 and the email manager 260 make use of the appointment database 252 in providing their services or resources.

The appointment database 252 includes a calendar/appointment database 262, a business directory database 264, and a user information database 266. The calendar/appointment database 262 stores calendar data and appointment data for use by the appointment server 250. More particularly, the calendar/appointment manager 258 uses the data stored in the calendar/appointment database 262 when providing the users with calendars or appointment capabilities. The business directory database 264 stores a business directory that contains businesses that provides services to users. The business directory includes information on various businesses such as account information, preferences, business name, business address, business email, business facsimile, etc. These businesses are also known as service providers. The search manager 256 of the appointment server 250 can operate to search through the business directory database 264 to identify businesses of interest to a user. The user information database 266 stores user information, such as account information, user preferences, user name, user address, user email, etc. The user information database 266 is used by the appointment server 250 to store information about users, including: user name, password, mailing address, email address, general appointment availability. The user information database

266 can also be used to improve user satisfaction by not requiring a user to repetitively enter information or provide various preferences. In addition, the email manager 260 of the appointment server 250 utilizes information in the user information database 266, namely, the email address for users to receive email notifications. Although FIG. 2B illustrates the calendar/appointment database 262, the business directory database 264, and the user information database 266 as separate databases, they could also be combined into less (e.g., one) or more databases.

Moreover, the business directory database 264 and the user information database 266 are normally populated through a registration process offered by the web server 254. Such registration processes are discussed in detail below with respect to FIGs. 5D and 5E. However, in other situations, it may be useful to populate the business directory provided by the business directory database 264 with basic information (such as name, business type, phone number, facsimile number, and email address). As an example, the basic information for the business directory can be provided in ways other than the registration process. In one implementation, the basic information on a plurality of businesses can be imported into the business directory (or the business directory database 264). In this regard, a list of businesses (including at least their name and either their facsimile number or their email address) can be imported. This allows additional businesses to receive requested appointments through email (if no email then via facsimile) even through they have not registered with the system (see FIG. 11 below).

FIG. 3A is a flow diagram of an on-line appointment service processing 300 according to one embodiment of the invention. The on-line appointment service processing 300 registers 302 various service providers for on-line appointment capabilities. In one implementation, the registration process can identify not only contact or business information about the service providers and their offered services but also time periods of availability for appointments and particular appointment types offered. The on-line appointment service processing 300 can also provide 304 a directory of service providers that offer services which can be scheduled. The directory of service providers also allows

users to search for service providers offering the types of service they desire, and then initiate an on-line appointment with such service providers as desired. In one implementation, the directory includes a plurality of categories, arranged in a hierarchy, with each of the service providers being listed in the one or more categories that relate to the services offered by the service providers.

The on-line appointment service processing 300 also registers 306 users for on-line calendars. The registration process can obtain contact information, user identifier (ID) and password, and calendar configuration information. The registration can also allow the user being registered to permit on-line appointments to be made with them. If the user permits on-line appointments to be made with them, then the registration process can also identify time periods of availability for appointments. The user ID and password provide secure access to the user's on-line calendar.

Further, the on-line appointment service processing 300 allows on-line appointments to be scheduled 308 between users and service providers. Additionally, the on-line appointment service processing 300 allows for the automatic display of appointment indications in the on-line calendars for the users or service providers, to the extent such on-line calendars are provided. Thus, scheduled appointments can appear in on-line calendars much like other events. Appointments can also be subsequently confirmed or canceled. Email notifications can also notify participants of: requested appointments, confirmation of appointments, or cancellation of appointments.

The on-line appointments can be scheduled 308 using the on-line appointment service processing 300 at any time and without the need for the service provider's office to be open for business. The on-line appointment processing 300 also is efficient, user friendly, and allows for on-line appointment management. The on-line appointments being scheduled can also be linked to (e.g., integral with) the on-line calendars of the users and service providers.

FIG. 3B is a flow diagram of appointment processing 350 according to one embodiment of the invention. The appointment processing 350 begins with a decision 352 that determines whether an appointment availability request has

been received. In other words, the appointment processing 350 does not effectively being until an appointment availability request 352 has been received.

5 The appointment processing 350 is, for example, performed by the appointment server 202 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the calendar/appointment manager 258 illustrated in FIG. 2B. When the decision 352 determines that an appointment availability request has been received, then available appointment times are determined 354. For example, a user may request (e.g., appointment availability request) to make an appointment with a particular service provider
10 on a given date, and the determination 354 of the available appointment times can be determined by accessing the calendar/appointment database 262 to determine whether the particular service provider for which the appointment is requested is available.

15 Once the available appointment times are determined 354, the available appointment times are transmitted 356 to the user. After the available appointment times have been transmitted 356 to the user, a decision 358 determines whether an appointment request has been received. If an appointment request has not yet been received, the appointment processing 350 awaits the reception of an appointment request. Once an appointment request
20 has been received, an appointment for the selected appointment time is set 360. For example, the appointment for the selected appointment time can be set 360 in the calendar/appointment database 262 for both the user and the service provider. After the appointment has been set 360, the appointment processing 350 is complete and ends.

25 FIGs. 4A and 4B are flow diagrams of consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 according to one embodiment of the invention. The consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 is, for example, performed at the consumer's computer 208 illustrated in FIG. 2A.

30 The consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 initially accesses 402 an appointment server web page. The appointment server web page is provided by the appointment server, e.g., appointment server 202, 250. Next, a

login page is received and displayed 404. A user name and password are then entered and submitted 406. Here, the user logs onto the appointment server by completing the login page with his/her user name and password. After the appointment server has confirmed the user name and password, a user's calendar is received and displayed 408. Here, the user's calendar would be displayed on a display device associated with the consumer's computer.

At this point, the user can interact with the user's calendar being displayed to select different view or dates – so called navigation with respect to the user's calendar. Besides navigation, the user can request to add an event or make an appointment. The consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 continues when the user requests to make an appointment. In this regard, a decision 410 determines what type of processing the user desires to perform. More particularly, a decision 410 determines whether a user desires to make an appointment. When the decision 410 determines that the user has not yet requested to make an appointment, then a decision 412 determines whether the user has requested other processing. When a user has requested other processing (e.g., navigation acts or event processing), the other processing 414 is performed and then a decision 415 determines whether to quit the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400. When the decision 415 determines that the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 should quit, then the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 is complete and ends. On the other hand, when the decision 412 determines that the user has not requested other processing or when the decision 415 determines that the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 should not quit, then the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 returns to repeat the decision 410 and subsequent blocks.

Once the decision 410 determines that the user does desire to make an appointment, then a request 416 to make an appointment can be sent to the appointment server. After the request 416 to make an appointment has been sent, the consumer's computer will receive and display 418 a service provider search form. Search information is then entered and a search request submitted 420.

5 A decision 422 then determines whether a response to the search request has been received. When the decision 422 determines that a response has not yet been received, the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 awaits such a response. Once the decision 422 determines that a response has been received, a list of matching service providers is displayed 424. Then, the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 awaits the user's selection from the list of matching service providers. A decision 426 determines whether the selection has been made. When the decision 426 determines that the selection has not yet been made, the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 awaits such a selection.

15 Once the decision 426 determines that such a selection has been made, appointment types for the selected service provider are requested 428. A decision 430 then awaits a response to the request for appointment types. When the decision 430 determines that a response has not yet been received, the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 awaits such a response. Once the decision 430 determines that a response, namely, appointment types for the selected service provider are received, then the appointment types for the selected service provider are displayed 432.

20 A decision 434 then determines whether one of the appointment types being displayed 432 has been selected. When the decision 434 determines that an appointment type has not been selected, the consumer-side on-line processing 400 awaits the selection of an appointment type. Once the decision 434 determines that an application type has been selected, appointment availability for the selected appointment type on a predetermined date is requested 436. The consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 then awaits a response to the request 436 for appointment availability.

30 When the decision 438 determines that a response has been received, appointment availability information for the selected service provider is displayed 440. The appointment availability information includes at least available time slots for appointments with the selected service provider. Next, an available time slot is selected 442 for the appointment being processed.

Here, the user selects an available time slot from those being displayed 440 with the appointment availability information.

Once an available time slot is selected 442, an appointment with the service provider at the selected available time slot is requested 444. Thereafter, appointment verification information is received and displayed 446. The appointment server presents the appointment verification information to the user. A decision 448 then determines whether the appointment has been verified. Here, the user can either proceed with the making of the appointment if the appointment verification information is correct or repeat some or all of the making of the appointment if the appointment verification information is incorrect. When the decision 448 determines that the appointment has not been verified, then the consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 returns to repeat the operation 440 and subsequent operations so that the appointment being made can be altered. On the other hand, when the decision 448 determines that the appointment has been verified, appointment verification is sent 450. The consumer-side on-line appointment processing 400 is then complete and ends with the appointment having been made.

Although user's calendars could be shared with a group of users or made public, in this embodiment, the user's calendar is likely private to the user because the user name and password are required for access to the user's calendar. Hence, users are not able to view or modify other's calendars or make appointments for others. In requesting an appointment with another (i.e., service provider), the available time slots pertain to the service provider's calendar. However, only the available time slots for potential appointments are display to the requestor, not the service provider's entire calendar. Further, in another embodiment, a user (e.g., service provider) may want to limit the number of available time slots shown as being available to a user requesting an appointment, so as to prevent giving the impression of not being busy. In yet another embodiment, a user (e.g., service provider) may want to bias those users requesting appointment to certain time slots. For example, the available time slots could be biased to within the morning office hours to encourage morning appointments. By providing only or primary morning time slots, users would be

biased towards requesting a morning appointment. As another example, different types of appointments could be provided with different available time slots through different biasing or different availability given the appointment types.

5 FIGs. 5A-5C are flow diagrams of server-side on-line appointment processing 500 according to one embodiment of the invention. The server-side on-line appointment processing 500 is, for example, performed by the appointment server 202 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the appointment server 250 illustrated in FIG. 2B.

10 The server-side on-line appointment processing 500 initially sends 502 a login page to a requesting user. Then, a decision 504 determines whether a login request has been received. When the decision 504 determines that a login request has not been received, the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 awaits such a login request. Once the decision 504 determines that a login
15 request has been received, the user name and password associated with the login request are verified 506. A decision 508 then determines whether the verification has been successful. When the decision 508 determines that the verification has not been successful (e.g., login denied), the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 returns to repeat the send operation 502 and
20 subsequent operations to handle subsequent login requests.

 On the other hand, when the decision 508 determines that the verification has been successful (e.g., login granted), a user's calendar data is retrieved 510. For example, the user's calendar data can be retrieved from the appointment database 204 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the calendar/appointment
25 database 262 of the appointment database 252 illustrated in FIG. 2B. A user's calendar is then produced 512 from the user's calendar data. Here, in one embodiment, the user's calendar can be produced 512 by suitably formatting the user's calendar data into a graphical user interface. As an example, the user's calendar can be produced as a markup language document (page)(e.g., HTML
30 page). After the user's calendar is produced 512, the user's calendar is sent 514. Here, the user's calendar can be sent to the user through the network 206.

Next, a decision 516 determines whether a request to make an appointment has been received. The decision 516 causes the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 to await the reception of a request to make an appointment. Although other types of requests could be made, including an event request, the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 is primarily concerned with the making of appointments. Once the decision 516 determines that a request to make an appointment has been received, a service provider search form is retrieved and sent 518. For example, the service provider search form can be used to assist a user in locating a particular service provider registered with the appointment database 204 or the business directory database 264 of the appointment database 252.

A decision 520 then determines whether a search request has been received. Here, a search request results when the user completes and submits the service provider search form. The decision 520 causes the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 to await the reception of a search request. Once the decision 520 determines that a search request has been received, the service providers that match the search information are retrieved 522. For example, the search can search through the business directory database 264 of the appointment database 252 to identify those service providers that match the provided search information. Then, a list of matching service providers is produced 524. The list of matching service providers is then sent 526.

A decision 528 then determines whether a request for appointment type has been received. A request for appointment type results when the user selects one of the service providers from the list of matching service providers. In other embodiments, a service provider can additionally or alternatively be chosen by use of an address book or from a preferred provider directory where a directory search is not needed. When the decision 528 determines that a request for appointment type has not yet been received, the server-side appointment processing awaits such a request. Once the decision 528 determines that a request for appointment types has been received, appointment types for the selected service provider are retrieved 530. For example, the appointment types can be retrieved from the appointment database. After the appointment types

are retrieved 530, the appointment types for the selected service provider are sent 530.

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A decision 532 then determines whether a request for appointment availability has been received. A request for appointment availability results when the user selects one of the appointment types available for the selected service provider. When the decision 532 determines that a request for appointment availability has not yet been received, the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 awaits such a request. Once the decision 532 determines that a request for appointment availability has been received, the selected service provider's calendar data for the predetermined date is retrieved 534. The service provider's calendar data is, for example, retrieved 534 from the appointment database 204 or the calendar/appointment database 262 of the appointment database 252. After the service provider's calendar data is retrieved 534, available time slots in the selected service provider's calendar data for the selected appointment type on the predetermined date are determined 536. In one implementation, the selected appointment type can identify the duration of the appointment to be scheduled. In another implementation, the duration of the appointment to be scheduled can be indicated by the requestor. Appointment availability information is then formatted 538 for the selected service provider. Here, the appointment availability information can, for example, include the available time slots for the selected service provider as well as the user's calendar. Such an arrangement of information allows a user to easily schedule an appointment with the available time slots of the service provider while having the user's calendar visible. The appointment availability information can be formatted as a markup language document (page)(e.g., HTML). The appointment availability information is then sent 540.

Next, a decision 542 determines whether an appointment request has been received. Here, an appointment request results when the user selects one of the available time slots provided with the appointment availability information. When the decision 542 determines that an appointment request has not yet been received, the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 awaits such a request. Once the decision 542 determines that an appointment

request has been received, appointment verification information is retrieved 544. The appointment verification information is used to enable the user to reconfirm the details of the appointment being requested. Then, the appointment verification information is sent 546.

5 A decision 548 then determines whether a verification has been received. When the decision 548 determines that a verification has been received, a pending appointment is stored 550 in the user's calendar data and the service provider's calendar data. On the other hand, when the decision 548 determines that a verification has not been received, namely, that verification was denied,
10 the operation 550 is bypassed. The denial of verification can lead to cancellation of the appointment being scheduled or returning to earlier processing to allow the user to alter the appointment being requested. Following block 550 as well as following the decision block 548 when there has been no verification, the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 is complete and
15 ends.

 Before calendar and appointment capabilities are provided to users, certain information is normally obtained from the users. This information includes, for example, contact information, setup information, and appointment configuration information. FIGs. 5D and 5E describe registration processing in
20 which such information can be obtained.

 FIG. 5D is a flow diagram of client-side new user processing 560 according to one embodiment of the invention. The client-side new user processing 560 is used to register new users with the on-line appointment system. The client-side new user processing 560 is, for example, performed by a
25 network browser operating on a computer. As an example, the client-side new user processing 560 can operate on a consumer's computer, such as the consumer's computer 208 illustrated in FIG. 2A, or a service provider's computer, such as the service provider's computer 210 illustrated in FIG. 2A. An exemplary network browser is Internet Explorer from Microsoft Corporation.

30 The client-side new user processing 560 initially receives and displays 562 a registration page. The registration page allows a new user to the system to

provide information about themselves. The information provided typically includes contact information as well as a requested user name and password. In one implementation, the contact information can include: first name, last name, company name, address, city, state/province, country, zip/postal code, telephone number, and email address. The user interacts with the registration page being displayed to enter the contact information and the requested user name and password. Here, the contact information and the requested user name and password are entered and submitted 564. Once submitted, the client-side new user processing 560 awaits a response from the server.

10 A decision 566 determines whether a response has been received. When the decision 566 determines that the response has not yet been received, the client-side new user processing 560 awaits such a response. Once the response has been received, a setup page is displayed 568. Then, setup information is entered and submitted 570. Here, the setup page can ask the user to provide
15 setup information regarding the setup of their on-line calendar and appointment capabilities. The user provides this setup information by interacting with the setup page being displayed. In one implementation, the setup information can include: selecting a default view for a calendar, setting a default time range for the calendar, setting a time zone for the calendar, indicating whether email
20 notifications for scheduled appointments are requested, and indicating whether others are able to schedule appointments with the user. In any case, after the setup information is entered and submitted 570, the client-side new user processing 560 awaits a response from the server. A decision 572 determines whether a response has been received. The response from the server will differ
25 depending upon whether the user has allowed others to schedule appointments with them. A decision 574 determines whether appointment support has been enabled. When the decision 574 determines that the appointment support has been enabled, an appointment configuration page is displayed 576 after the response from the server is received. Here, when appointment support has been
30 enabled, the response from the submission of the setup information 570 is the appointment configuration page. After the appointment configuration page is displayed 576, appointment configuration information is entered and submitted

578. The user provides the appointment configuration information by interacting with the appointment configuration page being displayed. The appointment configuration information is used to configure the operation of the appointment scheduling. For example, the appointment configuration information can indicate days and times of availability and non-availability for appointments, types of appointments that can be made as well as their duration, and whether appointments should be confirmed automatically or not. As an example, one's availability for scheduling appointments during a week can be setup so that appointments can be scheduled only on certain days (e.g., Monday – Friday), within certain time periods, and by further exclusion of certain time periods (e.g., lunch hour). The types of appointments can also be classified by industry or other categories. Following the submission 578 of the appointment configuration information, the client-side new user processing 560 ends and processing follows block 408 illustrated in FIG. 4A.

On the other hand, when the decision 574 determines that appointment support is not enabled, then the response from the submission 560 of the setup information is that the processing of the client-side new user processing 560 ends. Hence, in this case, the client-side new user processing 560 subsequently follows the processing beginning at block 408 illustrated in FIG. 4A without the need to request appointment configuration information.

FIG. 5E is a flow diagram of server-side new user processing 580 according to one embodiment of the invention. The server-side new user processing 580 interacts with the client-side new user processing 560 illustrated in FIG. 5D. The server-side new user processing 580 is, for example, performed by the appointment server 202 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the appointment server 250 illustrated in FIG. 2B.

The server-side new user processing 580 initially sends 582 a registration page to the user's computer. Then, a decision 584 causes the appointment server to await a registration request from the user's computer. When the decision 584 determines that a registration request has not yet been received, the server-side new user processing 580 awaits such a request. Once the decision

584 determines that a registration request has been received, a user account is opened and contact information, user name and password are stored 586. In one implementation, the user account can be opened or provided within the appointment database, such as the appointment database 204 illustrated in FIG.

5 2A or the appointment database 252 illustrated in FIG. 2B. For example, the user account and the contact information, user name and password can be stored in the user information database 266 illustrated in FIG. 2B.

Next, a setup page is sent 588. The setup page allows the user to enter setup information to specify, for example, how the user would like the default
10 calendar setup and whether or not others are able to schedule appointments with them. Next, a decision 590 determines whether a setup request has been received. Here, the decision 590 determines whether the client-side new user processing 560 has submitted the setup information with a setup request. When the decision 590 determines that a setup request has not yet been received, the
15 server-side new user processing 580 awaits such a request. Once the decision 590 determines that a setup request has been received, the setup information provided with the setup request is stored 592. In one implementation, the setup information is stored in the appointment database, such as the appointment database 204 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the appointment database 252 illustrated
20 in FIG. 2B. For example, the setup information can be stored in the user information database 266 illustrated in FIG. 2B.

A decision 594 then determines whether appointment support has been enabled. Here, the setup information informs the server whether the user desires to enable others to schedule appointments with them. When the decision 594
25 determines that appointment support has not been requested, then the server-side new user processing 580 is complete and processing returns to block 510 in FIG. 5A so that the user's calendar can be obtained and displayed. On the other hand, when the decision 594 determines that appointment support has been requested, then an appointment configuration page is sent 596. The
30 appointment configuration page provided by the server to the client enables the user at the client-side to enter appointment configuration information so that appointments can be more intelligently scheduled. After the appointment

configuration page has been sent 596, a decision 597 determines whether an appointment configuration request has been received. This represents the return of the appointment configuration page from the user via the client-side new user processing 560. When the decision 597 determines that an appointment configuration request has not yet been received, the server-side new user processing 580 awaits such a request. Once the decision 597 determines that an appointment configuration request has been received, appointment configuration information provided with the appointment configuration request is stored 598. In one implementation, the appointment configuration information can be stored in the appointment database 204 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the user information database 266 of the appointment database 252 illustrated in FIG. 2B. After the appointment configuration information is stored 598, the server-side new user processing 580 is complete and the processing returns to block 510 illustrated in FIG. 5A.

The client-side on-line appointment processing 400 and the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 can be modified to obtain additional appointment information from a user. For example, in making certain types of appointments, some service providers desire to obtain additional information about the user. For example, in a case where a user is making an appointment with a dentist (service provider), the dentist often wants to know if the user is a new patient or an existing patient. For new patients, a patient normally has to fill out a questionnaire. For existing patients, no questionnaire is needed but confirmation of similar information could be performed. As another example, an auto repair business (service provider) may want to obtain information on the owner and vehicle. Hence, the additional information gathered often varies with industry and type of consumer (user). FIGs. 6 and 7 describe appointment type processing in which such additional appointment information can be obtained according to one embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 6 is a flow diagram of client-side appointment-type processing 600 according to one embodiment of the invention. The client-side appointment-type processing 600 is, for example, performed by the consumer's computer 208 illustrated in FIG. 2A.

The client-side appointment-type processing 600 represents optional processing that can enhance the client-side on-line appointment processing 400 illustrated in FIGs. 4A and 4B. In particular, the client-side on-line appointment processing 600 can, in one embodiment, be performed following the decision 426 and prior to the request 428 illustrated in FIG. 4A.

The client-side appointment-type processing 600 initially requests 602 an industry-type for the selected service provider. Here, the selection of one of the service providers causes the request for the industry type. Next, a decision 604 determines whether a response from the appointment server has been received.

Here, the response is a consumer type form that is provided to the consumer's computer from the appointment server. When the decision 604 determines that the response has not yet been received, the client-side appointment-type processing 600 awaits such a response. Once the decision 604 determines that the response has been received, the customer type form is displayed. For

example, the customer type form would be displayed on a display screen associated with the consumer's computer. Then, a customer type is selected 608. The customer type form thus enables the user to identify the type of customer they are (e.g., new or existing) to the appointment server. For

example, the user of the consumer's computer can make a selection with respect to the customer type form being displayed on the display screen. For example, if the service provider were a dentist, the customer type form could provide options for the user to designate themselves as a new patient or an existing patient. After the customer type has been selected 608, an appropriate customer

type information form is requested 610. In other words, once the customer type has been selected, a request is sent to the appointment server requesting 610 the customer type information form that is associated with the selected customer type. Next, a decision 610 determines whether a response has been received.

Here, the response is the appropriate customer type information form that is provided by the appointment server. When the decision 612 determines that the

response to the request 610 has not yet been received, then the client-side appointment type processing 600 awaits such a response. Once the decision 612 determines that the response has been received, the appropriate customer

type information form is displayed 614. For example, the appropriate customer type information form can be displayed on the display screen associated with consumer's computer.. Thereafter, the customer type information form is completed and submitted 616. Here, for example, the user of the consumer's computer would interact with the customer type information form being displayed to enter information and then once the customer type information form has been sufficiently completed would submit the form to the appointment server 202. After the completion and submission of the customer type information form, the client-side appointment-type processing 600 is complete and ends.

FIG. 7 is a flow diagram of server-side appointment type processing 700 according to one embodiment of the invention. The server-side appointment type processing 700 is, for example, performed by the appointment server 202 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the appointment server 250 illustrated in FIG. 2B.

The server-side appointment type processing 700 represents optional processing associated with the server-side on-line appointment processing 500 illustrated in FIGs. 5A-5C. In particular, the server-side appointment type processing 700 is optional processing can, in one embodiment, be performed following the decision 528 and prior to retrieving 530 illustrated in FIG. 5B.

The server-side appointment type processing 700 begins with a decision 702 that determines whether an industry type request has been received. When the decision 702 determines that an industry type request has not yet been received, the server-side appointment type processing 700 awaits such a request. Once the decision 702 determines that an industry type request has been received, an industry type for the selected service provider is retrieved 704. Then, available customer types for the industry types are retrieved 706. As an example, the industry types and available customer types can be retrieved from the appointment database 204 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the appointment database 252 illustrated in FIG. 2B. Next, a customer type form is retrieved 708. The customer type form can be predetermined or dynamically generated. The customer type form is then sent 710. The customer type form is sent 710, for

example, to the consumer's computer where it is received and displayed as described in the client-side appointment type processing 600 illustrated in FIG. 6.

Next, a decision 712 determines whether an information form request has been received. When the decision 712 determines that an information form request has not yet been received, the server-side appointment type processing 700 awaits such a request. Once the decision 712 determines that an information form request has been received, the appropriate customer type information form is retrieved 714. Then, the appropriate customer type information form is sent 716.

A decision 718 next determines whether a completed form has been received. Here, the server-side appointment type processing 700 is awaiting the submission of the customer type information form from the client-side appointment type processing 600. When the decision 718 determines that the completed form has not yet been received, the server-side appointment type processing 700 awaits the reception of the completed form. Once the decision 718 determines that the completed form has been received, the customer information provided in the completed form is saved 720. For example, the customer information is saved 720 in the appointment database 204 or the user information database 266 of the appointment database 252. Thereafter, the server-side appointment type processing 700 is complete and ends.

After a consumer (user) has interacted with an appointment server to request an appointment with a service provider, the service provider can be given an opportunity to review the requested appointments from various consumers and either accept or decline the requested appointments.

FIGs. 8A and 8B are flow diagrams of service provider appointment review processing 800 according to one embodiment of the invention. The service provider appointment review processing is, for example, performed on the service provider's computer 210. Typically, the service provider appointment review processing 800 would be performed in conjunction with a network browser operating on the service provider's computer 210.

The service provider appointment review processing 800 typically begins sometime after an email notification has been received by the service provider. More particularly, in one embodiment, the service provider is provided with an email notification when a consumer has requested an appointment with the service provider. As an example, such an email notification can inform the service provider of the name of the requestor and the date and time when the requestor desires an appointment. The service provider, upon receiving the email notification, can initiate access to the appointment server to review the requested appointment. Hence, although the invocation of the service provider appointment review processing 800 typically follows the reception of an email notification, in more general terms is activated whenever requested by the service provider. Thus, the service provider appointment review processing 800 begins when activated by a service provider.

After being activated, the appointment server webpage is accessed 804. The appointment server webpage, as noted above, is provided by the appointment server (e.g., appointment server 202, 250). Next, a login page is received and displayed 806. Here, the login page can be received from the appointment server and displayed on a display screen associated with the service provider's computer. Then, the service provider enters and submits 808 a user name and password. Then, assuming the login was successful, the service provider appointment review processing 800 receives and displays 810 the service provider's calendar. Here, the service provider's calendar is supplied by the appointment server.

Following the display of the service provider's calendar, the service provider can perform various navigation acts or operations with respect to the service provider's calendar provided by the appointment server. Eventually, the service provider desires to accept or decline a requested appointment. For example, to initiate acceptance or decline of a requested appointment, the service provider could select an icon or button being displayed. As an example, the icon or button can be displayed with the service provider's calendar. A decision 812 determines whether an appointment status selection has been made for a particular requested appointment. When the decision 812

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determines that an appointment status selection has not been made, then a decision 814 determines whether the service provider appointment review processing 800 is done. When the decision 814 determines that the service provider appointment review processing 800 is done, the service provider appointment review processing 800 is complete and ends. On the other hand, when the decision 814 determines that the service provider appointment review processing 800 is not completed, then processing returns to repeat the navigation acts or operations and subsequent blocks including the decision 812.

Alternatively, when the decision 812 determines that an appointment status selection has been made, an appointment status notification is sent 816. Here, the appointment status notification provides an indication to the appointment server as to whether the requested appointment is accepted or declined. An accepted appointment is also referred to as a confirmed appointment. Also, depending on whether the requested appointment has been accepted or declined, the service provider appointment review processing 800 operates differently. In particular, a decision 818 determines whether the requested appointment has been accepted. When the decision 818 determines that the requested appointment has not been accepted (i.e., declined), the service provider appointment review processing 800 returns to repeat the operation 810 and subsequent operations. On the other hand, when the decision 818 determines that the requested appointment has been accepted, a decision 820 determines whether detailed appointment information has been received. Here, the appointment server will forward or send to the service provider's computer detailed appointment information on the appointment that has been accepted. When the decision 820 determines that detailed appointment information has not yet been received, the service provider appointment review processing 800 awaits such information. Once the decision 820 determines that detailed appointment information has been received, the detailed appointment information is displayed 822. For example, the detailed appointment information can be displayed on a display screen associated with the service provider's computer 210. Next, a decision 824 determines whether the detailed appointment information has been verified. Here, the service

provider is provided with an opportunity to verify the particular information included in the detailed appointment information. Hence, the service provider reviews the detailed appointment information displayed on the display screen and then verifies its accuracy. When the decision 824 determines that the information has not yet been verified, the service provider appointment review processing 800 awaits such verification. Although not illustrated in FIGs. 8A and 8B, alternatively, the service provider could indicate that it desires to decline the requested appointment that was previously accepted, in which case the requested appointment would be declined and the processing could return to repeat the operation 810 and subsequent operations. However, when the decision 822 determines that the information has been verified, detailed appointment confirmation is sent 824. For example, the detailed appointment confirmation is sent 824 to the appointment server to inform the appointment server that the particular requested appointment and its details have been confirmed (accepted). Thereafter, the service provider appointment review processing 800 returns to repeat the operation 810 and subsequent operations so that other requested appointments can be reviewed or other navigation acts performed.

FIGs. 9A and 9B are flow diagrams of server-side appointment review processing 900 according to one embodiment of the invention. The server-side appointment review processing 900 is, for example, performed by the appointment server 202 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the appointment server 252 illustrated in FIG. 2B. The server-side appointment review processing 900 interacts with the service provider's computer 212 which performs the service provider appointment review processing 800.

The server-side appointment review processing 900 sends 902 a login page. Typically, the login page would be in response to a request by the service provider's to access the appointment server website. Next, a decision 904 determines whether a login request has been received. When the decision 904 determines that a login request has not yet been received, the server-side appointment review processing 900 awaits such a request. Once the decision 904 determines that a login request has been received, the user name and

password associated with the login request are verified 906. A decision 908 then determines whether the user name and password have been correctly verified. When the decision 908 determines that the user name and password were not able to be verified, then access is denied and the processing returns to repeat the operation 902. On the other hand, when the decision 908 determines that the user name and password are correctly verified, then service provider's calendar data is retrieved 910. Here, for example, the service provider's calendar data can be retrieved from the appointment database 204 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the calendar/appointment database 262 of the appointment database 252 illustrated in FIG. 2B. Then, a service provider's calendar is produced 912. Here, the service provider's calendar is produced 912 in accordance with the service provider's calendar data that has been retrieved 910. After the service provider's calendar has been produced 912, the service provider's calendar is sent 914.

Thereafter, the server-side appointment review processing 900 can perform various actions or operations such as altering the calendar view being provided or sent to different days, months or weeks. In any event, since the service provider will eventually request an appointment confirmation, the server-side appointment review processing 900 will recognize when the service provider is accepting or declining an appointment. In this regard, a decision 916 determines whether an appointment has been accepted (or rejected). Here, an appointment status notification is sent to the appointment server by the service provider following acceptance or cancellation of a requested appointment. When the decision 916 determines that an appointment has been declined by the service provider, a decision 918 determines whether the server-side appointment review processing 900 is done. When the decision 918 determines that the server-side appointment review processing is done, then the server-side appointment review processing 900 is complete and ends. On the other hand, when the decision 918 determines that the server-side appointment review processing 900 is not done, then the processing returns to the decision 916 to await another appointment status notification for another requested appointment.

In this embodiment, the requested appointments (e.g., pending appointments) are reviewed minimal information about the appointments, for example, date, time and requestor's name. Once the decision 916 determines that an appointment has been accepted (i.e., confirmed), detailed appointment information is retrieved 920. The detailed appointment information is then sent 922. Here, the detailed appointment information is retrieved 920 from the appointment database 204, 252 and sent 922 to the service provider. As an example, the detailed appointment information provides more information on the appointments that were accepted. As an example, the detailed information can include date, time, type of appointment, a message from requestor, and contact information. Next, a decision 924 determines whether the detailed appointment information has been confirmed. The service provider can confirm the detailed appointment information. When the decision 924 determines that the detailed appointment information has not yet been confirmed, the server-side appointment review processing 900 awaits such a confirmation. When the decision 924 determines that the detailed appointment information has been confirmed, the status of the appointment is updated 926 to "confirmed" in the service provider's calendar data at the appointment database. In addition, the status of the appointment is updated 928 to "confirmed" in the user's calendar data at the appointment database. Also, an appointment confirmation email is sent 930 to the user. As an example, the appointment confirmation email serves to notify the consumer that his/her previously requested appointment has been confirmed (accepted). Of course, in other embodiments, the appointment confirmation email need not be sent to the user. Following operation 930, the server-side appointment review processing 900 returns to repeat the operation 910 and subsequent operations so that additional requested appointments can be reviewed.

Although appointment review was discussed above as being performed by a service provider, any user (e.g., consumer or service provider) permitting appointments to be made with them can likewise review appointments. Also, the appointment review could operate to provide the detailed appointment

information before the service provider is asked to initially confirm or decline a requested appointment.

According to another aspect of the invention, an appointment server can operate to notify a selected service provider via facsimile or electronic mail that a user (customer) desires to make an appointment on a given date at a given period of time. In this regard, the service provider can be considered known but unregistered for on-line appointment services with the appointment server. As such, the appointment server can only partially manage the appointment request. In particular, the consumer will access the appointment server in a general manner and make an appointment by filling out an appointment form and submitting the form. Then, the appointment server will receive the appointment form that has been submitted by the consumer and prepare a facsimile or electronic mail notification to the selected service provider indicating that the consumer has requested to make a particular appointment with the service provider. Upon receiving the facsimile or electronic mail notification, the service provider can contact the consumer through electronic mail, telephone or mail. FIGs. 10 and 11 explain this restricted type of appointment processing according to one embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 10 is a flow diagram of client-side restricted appointment request processing 1000 according to one embodiment of the invention. The client-side restricted appointment request processing 100 is, for example, performed by the consumer's computer 208 illustrated in FIG. 2A.

The client-side restricted appointment request processing 1000 initially accesses 1002 an appointment server website. Then, navigation and/or search operations are performed 1004. Here, a user can interact with the appointment server website to review a directory of service providers, obtain listings of particular types of service providers, review address book entries, etc. so as to eventually select a particular service provider for which an appointment is to be requested. Eventually, the consumer will cause the client-side restricted appointment request processing 1000 to request 1006 to make an appointment with the particular service provider. Following the request 1006, a decision

1008 determines whether an appointment request form has been received.

Here, the appointment request form will be received from the appointment server in response to the request 1006. When the decision 1008 determines that the appointment request form has not yet been received, the client-side restricted appointment request processing 1000 awaits the reception of the appointment request form. Once the decision 1008 determines that the appointment request form has been received, the appointment request form is displayed 1010. Here, the appointment request form is displayed on the display screen of the consumer's computer. Next, the appointment request form is completed 1012.

Here, the user of the consumer's computer fills in information requested by the appointment request form to complete the form. As an example, the information requested includes appointment date, duration and perhaps a message. Next, a decision 1014 determines whether the appointment request form is to be submitted. When the decision 1014 determines that the appointment request form is not yet ready to be submitted, the restricted appointment request processing 1000 returns to repeat the block 1012 and subsequent blocks. On the other hand, when the decision 1014 determines that the appointment request form is to be submitted, the completed form is submitted 1016. After the completed form is submitted 1016, the restricted appointment request processing 1000 is complete and ends.

FIG. 11 is a flow diagram of a server-side restricted appointment request processing 1100 according to one embodiment of the invention. The server-side restricted appointment request processing 1100 is, for example, performed by the appointment server 202 illustrated in FIG. 2A or the appointment server 250 illustrated in FIG. 2B.

The server-side restricted appointment request processing 1100 initially sends 1102 a webpage with a directory of service providers. Here, the webpage is part of the appointment server website and is provided to the consumer's computer upon access to the appointment server website. A decision 1104 then determines whether an appointment request has been received. When the decision 1104 determines that an appointment request has not yet been received, the server-side restricted appointment request processing 1100 awaits

such a request. Once the decision 1104 determines that an appointment request has been received, an appointment request form is prepared and sent 1106. The appointment request form can be generic or customized for different industry types.

5 Next, a decision 1108 determines whether a completed appointment request form has been submitted. When the decision 1108 determines that the completed appointment request form has not yet been submitted, the server side restricted appointment request processing 1100 awaits the reception of a completed appointment request form. On the other hand, when the decision
10 1108 determines that the completed appointment request form has been submitted, a facsimile number or email address for the selected service provider is retrieved 1110. Here, the facsimile number or email address for the selected service provider are available from the appointment database (e.g., the business directory database 264). Then, an appointment request notification is sent 1112
15 to the selected service provider via facsimile or electronic mail. The appointment request notification can, for example, resemble the completed appointment request form.

 Thereafter, in one embodiment, to limit the number of appointment requests that will be serviced by the appointment server without the service
20 providers being registered with the system to participate in on-line appointment services, additional processing can be performed such as contained in operations 1114-1118 of FIG. 11. Namely, an allowed request count for the selected service provider can be decremented 1114 after each appointment request notification is sent 1112 to the selected service provider. Then, a decision 1116
25 determines the count is zero (0). When the decision 1116 determines that the count has become zero (0), the capability for the selected service provider to receive appointment requests when unregistered can be disabled 1118. As a result, service providers can receive a limited number of appointment requests from consumers even while the service providers are unregistered with the
30 appointment server, yet still be motivated to formally register with the appointment server. Alternatively, when the decision 1116 determines that the

count is not zero (0), as well as following the operation 1118, the server-side restricted appointment request processing 1100 is complete and ends.

Although the above discussion primarily concerned a user requesting an appointment with a service provider on a particular date, the appointment system can also consider multiple or alternative dates. By considering multiple or alternative dates, the users have more options in which to schedule an appointment. Also, the user requesting an appointment could, when requesting an appointment, provide alternative choices of times (i.e., time slots). For example, beside a first choice, the user could provide a second choice and a third choice. The service provider can then review the appointment request and have some scheduling options for the appointment.

Moreover, although the above discussion has primarily discussed the request for an appointment by a consumer and then the confirmation of the requested appointment by the service provider, the appointment system also permits the service provider to request an appointment with the consumer and then allow the consumer to confirm the appointment. Hence, consumer and service providers are users, and user can both request and confirm appointments.

Also, although the above discussion primarily concerns making appointments from one user to another user, the invention is also applicable to making appointment from one user to many users. For example, one user may want to arrange a meeting with two or more other users and could do so by requesting an appointment in accordance with the appointment availability of the two or more other users. Multiple users could also be grouped together to share a calendar and appointments. For example, a group of individuals could be associated with an on-line calendar provided by the appointment server, and then the group is effectively a user.

Still further, the above discussion described the scheduling of appointments as initially requested and then confirmed. The requested appointment was then initially provided as a pending appointment upon being requested, and then either canceled or confirmed by the service provider. In another embodiment, the requested appointment could initially be deemed set

and then thereafter cancelled by the service provider if not desired. In such an embodiment, the operation would be the same but the terminology slightly different.

According to another aspect of the invention, a service provider's computer can include a synchronization application. The synchronization application is a separate application program that operates on the service provider's computer to synchronize a local appointment management system with the appointment database provided at the appointment server.

FIG. 12 is a block diagram of a service provider's computer 1200 according to one embodiment of the invention. The service provider's computer 1200 includes an office management program 1202 that is typically provided in a service provider's establishment. The office management program 1202 is typically an integrated software package that includes functions or modules such as calendar and email. The office management program 1202 may also include time and billing modules, management modules, etc.

The office management program 1202 is coupled to a database 1204 that stores data associated with the office management program 1202. The office management program 1202 can be coupled to various internal users at the service provider's establishment over a local network 1206. The service provider's computer 1200 also includes a synchronization application 1208 coupled to an external network (e.g., the Internet) through a network link 1210. The synchronization application 1208 operates to synchronize the appointment data from the appointment database provided by the appointment server with the database 1204 managed by the office management program 1202. In this regard, appointments scheduled with the appointment server are able to be presented in the calendar module of the office management program 1202. Still further, if desired, the service provider's on-line calendar maintained by the appointment server can be synchronized with the calendar module (i.e., local calendar) of the office management program 1202.

FIG. 13 is a flow diagram of synchronization application processing 1300 according to one embodiment of the invention. The synchronization application

processing 1300 is, for example, performed by the synchronization application 1208 illustrated in FIG. 12. In one implementation, the synchronization application processing 1300 can be scheduled to periodically start such that the synchronization regularly occurs.

5 The synchronization application processing 1300 initially connects 1301 the synchronization application to an appointment server. Then, the synchronization application will receive and display 1302 a login page. In response to the login page, the synchronization application will enter and submit 1304 a user name and password. Next, a decision 1306 determines whether
10 access to the appointment server has been granted. Here, the appointment server will notify the synchronization application whether access has been granted or denied. When the decision 1306 determines that access has not been granted (i.e., access denied), an error message is provided 1308 to the synchronization application.

15 On the other hand, when the decision 1306 determines that access has been granted, the synchronization application requests 1310 pending appointments. A decision 1312 then determines whether the pending appointments that have been requested have been received. When the decision 1312 determines that the pending appointments have not yet been received, the
20 application synchronization processing 1300 waits to receive the pending appointments. Once the pending appointments have been received, the synchronization application attempts 1314 to fit the pending appointments into the database 1204 of the office management program 1202. Then, the synchronization application processing 1300 determines 1316 indications of
25 confirmation or cancellation for each of the pending appointments. Here, the service provider can manually interact with the synchronization application or the synchronization application can automatically determine whether the pending appointments fit. For example, if a pending appointment conflicts with an existing appointment or event in the service provider's local calendar at the
30 office management program 1202, the synchronization application can automatically cancel the pending appointment. Likewise, if a pending appointment does not conflict with an existing appointment or event in the

service provider's calendar at the office management program 1202, the synchronization application can automatically accept (confirm) the pending appointment. In any case, after the indications are determined 1316, the indications are then sent 1318. The synchronization application then logs out
5 1320 from the appointment server. The synchronization application then disconnects 1322 from the appointment server. Following the operation 1322, as well as following the operation 1308, the appointment synchronization processing 1300 is complete and ends.

FIG. 14 is a flow diagram of server-side appointment synchronization
10 processing 1400 according to one embodiment of the invention. The server-side appointment synchronization processing 1400 begins when a login request from the synchronization application has been received. More particularly, a decision 1402 determines whether a login request has been received. When the decision 1402 determines that a login request has not yet been received, the server-side
15 appointment synchronization processing 1400 awaits such a request. Once the decision 1402 determines that a login request has been received, the user name and password associated with the login request are verified 1404. A decision 1406 then determines whether the user name and password have been successfully verified. When the decision 1406 determines that the user name
20 and password have not been successfully verified, an error message is sent 1408.

On the other hand, when the decision 1406 determines that the user name and password have been successfully verified, then an access granted indication is sent 1410 to the synchronization application. Then, a decision 1412 determines whether a pending appointment request has been received.
25 When the decision 1412 determines that a pending appointment request has not yet been received, the server-side appointment synchronization processing 400 awaits such a request. Once the decision 1412 determines that a pending appointment request has been received, all pending appointments are sent 1414 to the synchronization application. Here, all the pending appointments are first
30 located within the appointment database and those located are then retrieved and sent 1414 to the synchronization application.

Next, a decision 1416 determines whether confirmation/cancellation indications have been received from the synchronization application. When the decision 1416 determines that the indications have not yet been received, the server-side appointment synchronization processing 1400 awaits such

5 indications. When the decision 1416 determines that the indications have been received, appointment records are updated 1418 at the appointment database. For example, if a pending appointment has been confirmed (accepted), then the appointment record for the particular appointment is updated to indicate its status as being confirmed. On the other hand, if a pending appointment has

10 been cancelled, the appointment record for the cancelled appointment is removed from the appointment database. Then, an email notification can be sent 1420 to those consumers whose appointments have been cancelled. The email notification can inform the consumers that their requested appointments have been cancelled and they should contact the service provider for additional

15 information. Optionally, email notifications could be sent to those consumers whose appointments have been accepted. Regardless of the email notifications, the users' calendars would be updated to indicate that the appointment is confirmation or that the appointment has been cancelled. Thereafter, the server-side appointment synchronization processing 1400 is complete and ends.

20 Another aspect of the invention is the notification and confirmation processing for appointments. Various notifications pertaining to appointment were also discussed above. Notifications can advise the service provider that a consumer has requested an appointment. Notifications can inform the consumer that the service provider has accepted (confirmed) or refused the requested

25 appointment. Notifications can also inform the consumer or service provider that a previously accepted appointment has been canceled. The email manager 260 of the appointment server 256 can initiate these notifications when appropriate.

Further, another aspect of the invention pertain to a method of doing

30 business. The business method provides free on-line calendars and on-line appointment setting capabilities to consumers and provides fee-based calendars and on-line appointment accepting capabilities to service providers. For

example, service providers could pay a monthly fee. Optionally, the business method provides email notifications to service providers when appointments are requested. Also, the business method may provide email notifications to consumers when their requested appointments are confirmed. The business method may also provide consumers with reminders for their upcoming appointments. The calendars of the consumers and service providers can also store information on other meetings or events besides appointments. Events that are scheduled can also make use of notifications. Further, the calendars of the consumers and service providers can also provide service providers or users with on-line address books.

Another aspect of the invention pertains to a graphical user interface for scheduling appointments. The graphical user interface simultaneously displays on a display screen (i) a first user's daily calendar indicating the user's availability, and (ii) available time slots of a second user with which the appointment is being scheduled.

FIGs. 15-39 are representative screen shots of an on-line appointment system, namely a graphical user interface therefor, according to one or more embodiment of the invention. The screen shots are illustrative of the operation of the invention but are not to be deemed restrictive in scope of the invention.

FIG. 15 is a registration screen in which a new user to the appointment system can register on-line. The registration screen depicts a registration page 1500 displayed by a network browser on a user's computer. In this and subsequent examples, the network browser is Microsoft Internet Explorer. The registration page 1500, for example, pertains to the registration page received and displayed 562 with respect to the client-side new user processing 560 illustrated in FIG. 5D. The registration page 1500 includes a first section 1502 that requests contact information from a user, and a second section 1504 that requests a user name and password from the user.

FIG. 16 is a setup screen in which a user can configure how he/she wishes his/her calendar to appear when he/she accesses the appointment website. The setup screen depicts a setup page 1600 displayed by a network

browser on a user's computer. The setup page 1600, for example, pertains to the setup page displayed 568 with respect to the client-side new user processing 560 illustrated in FIG. 5D. The setup page 1600 allows the user to: set a default view of calendar to daily or monthly view; set default time range for calendar; set time zone; request that email notifications be sent to the user for scheduled appointments; and set whether others are permitted to schedule appointments with them or not.

FIG. 17 is an appointment availability screen in which the user provides additional information concerning their availability for scheduling appointments, types of appointments, etc., assuming that the user is permitting appointments. The appointment availability screen depicts an appointment configuration page 1700 displayed by a network browser on a user's computer. The appointment configuration page 1700, for example, pertains to the appointment configuration page displayed 576 with respect to the client-side new user processing 560 illustrated in FIG. 5D. The appointment configuration page 1700 allows the user to specify: days and times of availability or unavailability for appointments, types of appointments that can be made as well as their duration, and whether appointments should be confirmed automatically or not. If an appointment is automatically confirmed, the user with which an appointment has been made does not get the opportunity to decline the requested appointment but can nevertheless cancel the automatically confirmed appointment. More particularly, the appointment configuration page 1700 allows the user to specify: whether appointments are to be automatically confirmed; availability for scheduling appointment during a normal week (including days and hours during the week of availability); other times during the week of availability; any times during the week of unavailability (e.g., lunch hour); type of appointment other can make; user category; and whether default information form (e.g., customer type information form) for the service type is to be used. As an example, one's availability for scheduling appointments during a week can be setup so that appointments can be scheduled only on certain days (e.g., Monday – Friday), within certain time periods, and by further exclusion of certain time periods

(e.g., lunch hour). The types of appointments can also be classified by industry or other categories.

FIG. 18 is a user's calendar screen in which a user's calendar page 1800 is depicted. The user's calendar page 1800 includes a user's calendar 1802 in a daily view format with the default time period extending from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. In this example, an availability indication 1803 indicates that the user is open to receiving appointment from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. The user's calendar page 1800 also includes an today's date indicator 1804, a month-to-month navigation device 1806, a selected month's condensed calendar 1808 allowing navigation to any day of the selected month, a specific date navigation device 1810, a daily view request device 1812 and a monthly view request device 1814 for the user's calendar, day-to-day navigation devices 1816 and 1818, a change appointment availability device 1830, and a delete device 1822. The user's calendar page 1800 also include request tabs 1824-1838. A home tab 1824 request that the home page be displayed. An account information tab 1826 requests an account information page so that account information can be reviewed or changed. A preferences tab 1828 requests a setup page and/or appointment configuration page. A calendar tab 1830 requests the user's calendar page. An add event tab 1832 requests an add event page so that a user can add an event to their calendar. A make appointment tab 1834 requests a make an appointment page. An address book tab 1836 requests an address book page. A logout tab 1838 requests that the user be log out from the appointment server.

With respect to the user's calendar, a user can schedule an event on his/her own calendar using the add event tag 1832 of the graphical user interface. FIG. 19 is an add event screen which an add event page 1900 is displayed. The add event page 1900 allows information to be provided to the appointment system when a user desires to add a new event to his/her calendar. FIG. 20 is an exemplary add event screen in which a new event is being requested for addition to the user's calendar via an add event page 2000. In this example, the event description is "Lunch with John Smith", the date is August 16, 1999, the event starts at 12:00 p.m. and lasts one hour, and the details are

that they are to "Meet at the Pub". Further, a check box indicates that the user's calendar is to mark this time period as busy so that other appointments are not scheduled during this time period. The event can also be repeated, and reminders for the event can be scheduled. FIG. 21 is an exemplary user's calendar screen in which an updated user's calendar page 2100 is depicted. In particular, the user's calendar page 1800 of FIG. 18 has been updated in FIG. 21 to include the new event described with respect to FIG. 20.

FIG. 22 is an event details screen in which event details pertaining to the event scheduled with respect to FIG. 20 are visible on the display screen. Event details summarize the description, date, time, duration and details for the event. The event details can be requested by the user by selecting the event entry in the user's calendar which operates like a hyperlink. In this example, the event entry is "Lunch with John Smith".

FIG. 23 depicts a screen containing a search form 2300 that a user can utilize in searching for a service provider with whom the user is interested in making an appointment. The search form allows searching of a business directory database by name of a person, company name or location, service category, or any combination thereof. The search form, for example, pertains to the service provider search form displayed 418 with respect to the client-side on-line appointment processing 400 illustrated in FIG. 4. FIG. 24 depicts a screen contain a search results page 2400 which contain the search results of a search carried out using the search form 2300 of FIG. 23. The search results page 2400 lists those service provides that match the search criteria. In this example, there is one matching service provider, namely, Tommy Tam of Accela Corporation. Also repeated in the search results page 2400 is the completed search form (e.g., which resembles the search form 2300) that was used to locate the service provider. The search results page 2400, for example, pertains to the list of matching service providers displayed 424 with respect to the client-side on-line appointment processing 400 illustrated in FIG. 4. FIG. 25 is a screen depicting an available appointment types page 2500 for the selected service provider (i.e., Tommy Tam). The available appointment types page 2500 is displayed after one of the matching service providers is selected (e.g., from the search results page

2400). The available appointment types page 2500, for example, pertains to the list of appointment types displayed 432 with respect to the client-side on-line appointment processing 400 illustrated in FIG. 4.

FIG. 26 depicts an appointment time slot selection screen 2600. The appointment time slot selection screen 2600 allows a user to select an appointment time slot. In this example, the appointment time slot selection screen 2600 includes a user's calendar, namely in a daily view for the day of the appointment to be scheduled, and a listing of available time slots. The user's calendar is provided in a first region 2602 and the listing of available time slots is provided in a second region 2604. In this example, the type of meeting requested was a "Half Hour Meeting" so the available time slots are provided in increments of thirty minutes. A condensed monthly calendar is also provided in a third region 2606 to allow easy user navigation to different dates or months. With respect to FIG. 26, the user is able to view the user's calendar, in daily view, as well as the available time slots, both at the same time. Hence, the user can easily determine what time to schedule the appointment given his/her calendar as well as the availability of the selected service provider. Hence, a user would select one of the available time slots in which to schedule the appointment. The appointment time slot selection screen 2600 can also include an appointment date selector 2608 (i.e., a specific date navigation device) that displays the determined date for the appointment being scheduled and also allow the user to change the determined date. The appointment time slot selection screen 2600 can also include an appointment type indicator 2610 that indicates the appointment type being scheduled as well allow the user to change do different appointment types. The appointment time slot selection screen 2600 also includes an today's date indicator 2612, a month-to-month navigation device 2614, day-to-day navigation devices 2618 and 2620. The appointment time slot selection screen 2600 can further include request tabs, such as request tabs 1824-1838 shown in FIG. 18.

Still further, although not shown in FIG. 26, the appointment time slot selection screen 2600 can further display an indication of the next available appointment date. For example, if the user is not offered any time slots for the

determined date or if the user is not satisfied with the time slots offered on the determined date, then the next available appointment date can provide the user with a quick link to request the re-display of the appointment time slot selection screen 2600 for the next available appointment date. This could be the next day or could be the several days in the future depending on the days that the service provider allows for appointments. Also, if desired, this could be limited to the next available appointment date in the future that has some open time slots.

Following selection of an available time slot, such as presented by the appointment time slot selection screen 2600 of FIG. 26, the user could next be presented with an appointment details screen 2700 such as illustrated in FIG. 27 in which the appointment details can be confirmed and in which a user message can be provided. In FIG. 27, the appointment details include, date, time, name, company name, city, state/province, ZIP/postal code, country, service category, appointment type, and a message. In FIG. 27, the message provided for the particular appointment is "Status Meeting via telephone". By selecting the "Scheduled Appointment" button, the appointment will be scheduled. Additionally, the appointment system allows appointments to be made for others.

FIG. 28 is a user's calendar screen in which a user's calendar page 2800 is depicted. The user's calendar page 2800 includes a screen shot of the user's calendar after the appointment has been scheduled, and thus represents an updated version of the user's calendar screen as compared to the user's calendar screen shown in FIG. 18. Here, the appointment is scheduled from the user's perspective. More specifically, the appointment has been requested and is thus "pending" until "confirmed" (accepted) by the selected service provider. Hence, in FIG. 28, the appointment is illustrated within the user's calendar at the appropriate date and time (and duration) and with a short description of the appointment. Here, the appointment is shown as having a status of "pending".

After the selected service provider is notified of the requested appointment and, thereafter, accepts (or confirms) the requested appointment, the appointment system will update the user's calendar (as well as the service

provider's calendar) to update the status to that of "confirmed". FIG. 29 illustrates the user's calendar screen of FIG. 28 after the selected service provider has confirmed the requested appointment.

FIG. 30 depicts an address book screen 3000 that provides an address book for the user. The address book is maintained by the appointment server. The appointment system allows users to maintain an address book on-line and utilize those businesses or individuals provided in their address book to make appointments quickly. Hence, to schedule an appointment, the user can go directly to the address book to select an individual or business or can instead use the search form discussed above.

FIGs. 31-39 are screen depictions associated with the scheduling and confirmation of a requested appointment from the respective of two registered users. In this example, the registered users of the appointments are both individuals.

FIG. 31 depicts an appointment time slot selection screen 3100 that resembles that resembles the time slot selection screen 2600 illustrated in FIG. 26. Using the appointment time slot selection screen 2600, the first user selects one of the available time slots, in this example, 2:00 p.m. - 3:00 p.m. on September 14, 1999. In response to the selection of the time slot, an appointment scheduling confirmation page 3200 is presented such as shown in FIG. 32. The appointment scheduling confirmation page 3200 provides the details regarding the appointment to be scheduled. The appointment scheduling confirmation page 3200 can provide an area in which the requestor of the appointment can provide a message to the requestee. If the user is satisfied with the details of the appointment as described in the appointment confirmation display page 3200, the user selects the "Schedule Appointment" button. At this point, the on-line appointment system schedules the requested appointment with the first and second users.

Following the scheduling of the appointment, the user's calendar screen is depicted with the user's calendar page 3300 as shown in FIG. 33. The user's calendar page 3300 is similar to the user's calendar page 2800 illustrated in FIG.

28. It should be noted that the appointment that was scheduled, as explained with respect to FIGs. 31 and 32, now appears in the user's calendar page 3300 as a pending appointment. The entry in the user's calendar displayed with the user's calendar page 3200 includes a link 3202 (e.g., a hyperlink) to details regarding the appointment. Upon selecting the link, the appointment details are displayed such as presented in an appointment detail screen 3400 illustrated in FIG. 34.

Now, from the perspective of the second user, the user with whom the appointment has been scheduled, the second user's calendar is depicted such as shown in a user's calendar page 3500 of a user's calendar screen illustrated in FIG. 35. Note that in the user's calendar shown in FIG. 35, the previously scheduled appointment appears as a pending appointment. This entry in the user's calendar also includes a link 3502 (e.g. a hyperlink) to details regarding the appointment. Upon selection of the link 3502, an appointment details screen 3600 can be presented to the user such as illustrated in FIG. 36. The appointment detail screen 3600 represents the screen presented to the second user, while the appointment detail screen 3400 illustrated in FIG. 34 represents the appointment details presented to the first user. The user's calendar provided with the user's calendar page 3500 illustrated in FIG. 35 also includes a confirmation indicator 3504 and a cancellation indicator 3506. The confirmation indicator 3504 allows the user to confirm or decline a pending appointment by the selection of the confirmation indicator 3504. The cancellation indicator 3506 allows the user to cancel a pending appointment, or even a confirmed appointment, by the selection of the cancellation indicator 3506. When the confirmation indicator 3504 has been selected by user, a confirmation screen having an appointment confirmation page 3700 is presented to the user. The appointment confirmation page 3700 provides information on the requested appointment and allows the requestee to confirm or decline the appointment as well as provide a message in response. If the user confirms the appointment, the appointment will be confirmed and the respective calendars of the first and second users will be appropriately updated. On the other hand, if the user declines the requested appointment, the calendars of the first and

second users will also be appropriately updated. FIG. 38 is a user's calendar screen in which a user's calendar page 3800 is depicted. The user's calendar page 3800 represents an updated version of the user's calendar page 3500 illustrated in FIG. 35. Note that the appointment that was scheduled is now shown as being confirmed and the confirmation indicator 3504 is removed. Similarly, from the perspective of the first user, once the appointment has been confirmed, the user's calendar of the first user is also updated to indicate that the appointment is now confirmed. FIG. 39 is a user's calendar screen in which a user's calendar page 3900 is depicted. The user's calendar page 3900 represents the user's calendar (i.e., the first user's calendar) after the appointment has been confirmed by the second user. Note that in comparison with the user's calendar page 3300 illustrated in FIG. 33, the status of the appointment has been changed from "pending" to "confirmed".

The user could specify a period during the day in which they desire an appointment, and then the available days for those times would be displayed for user selection. In other words, although the on-line appointment system is largely described as displaying time slots available on a given day (e.g., FIG. 26), the system could equally display available days in which certain time slots are available for appointments. In other words, the invention can serve to identify available slots to the user desirous of requesting an appointment. These slots can, for example, represent available time periods or available days.

The invention can use a combination of hardware and software components. The software can be embodied as computer readable code on a computer readable medium. The computer readable medium is any data storage device that can store data which can be thereafter be read by a computer system. Examples of the computer readable medium include read-only memory, random-access memory, CD-ROMs, magnetic tape, optical data storage devices. The computer readable medium can also be distributed over a network coupled computer systems so that the computer readable code is stored and executed in a distributed fashion.

In one embodiment the appointment server is implemented on a computer operating Windows NT operating system and provides a web server. The web server stores Active Server Pages (ASP) that perform the interactions with the database(s) and generate the pages to be displayed to requestors.

5 The advantages of the invention are numerous. Different embodiments or implementations may have one or more of the following advantages. One advantage of the invention is users and service providers are able to be notified of appointment related information. The appointment related information can inform the recipient of a request for an appointment, acceptance or decline of
10 the requested appointment, or cancellation of the appointment. Another advantage of the invention is that notifications can even be provided to service providers that have not previously registered to receive on-line appointments. Still another advantage of the invention is that appointments can be efficiently established on-line at any time day or night. Appointments can also be
15 established without the need to waiting for personal assistance to schedule an appointment with a service provider. Still another advantage of the invention is that user can manage and schedule appointments with various service providers using a central website.

 The many features and advantages of the present invention are apparent
20 from the written description, and thus, it is intended to cover all such features and advantages of the invention. Further, since numerous modifications and changes will readily occur to those skilled in the art, it is not desired to limit the invention to the exact construction and operation as illustrated and described. Hence, all suitable modifications and equivalents may be resorted to as falling
25 within the scope of the invention.

What is claimed is:

CLAIMS

1. A computer implemented method for providing on-line appointment
5 services over a global computer network, said method comprising:

registering service providers for on-line appointments over the global
computer network, said registering providing appointment availability
information for the registered service providers;

requesting an on-line appointment between a user and one of the
10 registered service providers over the global computer network based on the
availability information;

sending an electronic notification message to the associated one of the
registered service providers informing the registered service provider that an on-
line appointment has been requested with them;

15 receiving a confirmation or a decline decision for the on-line appointment
being requested from the registered service provider; and

electronically notifying the user requesting the on-line appointment of the
confirmation or decline via email.

20 2. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said method further comprises:

subsequent to said receiving of the confirmation of the on-line
appointment, receiving a cancellation decision for the on-line appointment from
the registered service provider and then electronically notifying the user that the
previously requested and confirmed on-line appointment has been cancelled via
25 email.

3. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said method further comprises:

providing an on-line directory of service providers.

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4. A method as recited in claim 3, wherein said method further comprises:
providing a search facility that users can search for a particular service
provider by searching through the on-line directory,

5 wherein once the particular service provider is found using the search
facility, said scheduling of an on-line appointment between a user and the
particular service provider over the global computer network.

5. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said registering of the service
10 providers over the global computer network identifies at least offered services,
available appointment times, contact information for the registered service
providers.

6. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said method further comprises:
15 registering users for on-line calendars over the global computer network.

7. A method as recited in claim 6,
wherein said method further comprises providing an on-line calendar for
each of the registered users and the registered service providers, and
20 wherein said scheduling of the on-line appointments includes placing
appointment indications on the on-line calendars of the associated ones of the
registered service providers and the users.

8. A method for providing an on-line appointment between a user and a
25 service provider over a network, said method comprising:
(a) receiving a request for appointment availability of the service provider
during a time period;

(b) determining available appointment times within the time period for the service provider;

(c) transmitting the available appointment times to the user;

5 (d) receiving a selected appointment time from the available appointment times;

(e) requesting the on-line appointment between the user and the service provider at the selected appointment time; and

10 (f) sending an electronic notification message to the service provider informing the service provider that the on-line appointment has been requested with them at the selected appointment time.

9. A method as recited in claim 8, wherein said method further comprises:

15 (g) receiving a confirmation or a decline decision from the service provider for the on-line appointment that has been requested.

10. A method as recited in claim 9, wherein said method further comprises:

20 (h) sending a notification message to the user requesting the on-line appointment informing the user of the confirmation or decline decision by the service provider.

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11. A method as recited in claim 10,

wherein said receiving (a) of the request for appointment availability includes a time duration for the on-line appointment, and

5 wherein said determining (b) of the available appointment times are those times during the time period that the service provider is available for at least the time duration.

12. A method as recited in claim 9, wherein said method further comprises:

10 (h) updating the requested on-line appointment to a confirmed on-line appointment after the confirmation decision has been received.

13. A method as recited in claim 8, wherein said method further comprises:

(g) subsequently rendering the selected appointment time for the service provider unavailable.

15

14. A method for providing an on-line appointment over a network, said method comprising:

(a) transmitting a user's electronic calendar to a user;

(b) transmitting a list of available service providers to the user;

20 (c) receiving a request for appointment availability of a selected one of the available service providers;

(d) determining available time slots for the selected one of the available service providers;

(e) transmitting the available time slots to the user;

25 (f) receiving a time slot selection from the available time slots to establish an appointment with the selected one of the available service providers;

(g) updating the user's electronic calendar with the appointment;

(h) updating an electronic calendar for the selected one of the available service providers with the appointment; and

(i) sending an electronic notification message to the selected one of the available service providers informing the service provider that the appointment has been requested with them at the time slot selected.

15. A method as recited in claim 14, wherein said updating (g) and (h) indicates the appointment on the electronic calendars of the user and the selected one of the available service providers as pending.

16. A method as recited in claim 14, wherein said method further comprises:

(j) receiving a confirmation or a decline decision from the selected one of the available service providers for the appointment that has been requested.

17. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein said method further comprises:

(k) updating the user's electronic calendar and the electronic calendar for the selected one of the available service providers to reflect the confirmation or decline decision by the service provider.

18. A method as recited in claim 17, wherein said method further comprises:

(l) sending a notification message to the user requesting the appointment informing the user of the confirmation or decline decision by the service provider.

5

19. A method as recited in claim 18,

wherein said updating (g) and (h) indicates the appointment on the electronic calendars of the user and the selected one of the available service providers as pending, and

10

wherein said updating (k) indicates the appointment on the electronic calendars of the user and the selected one of the available service providers as confirmed when said receiving (j) receives the confirmation decision.

20. A method as recited in claim 18,

15

wherein said updating (g) and (h) indicates the appointment on the electronic calendars of the user and the selected one of the available service providers as pending, and

wherein said updating (k) removes the indication of the appointment from the electronic calendars of the user and the selected one of the available service providers when said receiving (j) receives the decline decision.

20

21. An on-line appointment system, comprising:

an appointment server coupled to the Internet, said appointment server manages scheduling of appointments between requestors and service providers;

25 and

an appointment database coupled to said appointment server, said appointment database stores on-line calendars for the service providers and the requestors that have registered with said appointment server, the on-line calendars also including appointment indications for the appointments

scheduled with said appointment server, said appointment database also stores a directory of service providers with whom appointment can be scheduled.

22. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 21, wherein the
5 directory of service providers includes not only those of the service providers that have registered with said appointment server but also a plurality of service providers that have not yet registered with said appointment server.

23. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 22, wherein the
10 directory can be populated with the plurality of service providers that have not yet registered with said appointment server by populating the directory with basic information on the service providers.

24. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 23, wherein the basic
15 information includes at least a business name and a facsimile number or an email address.

25. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 24, wherein said
20 appointment server issues notifications to the service providers regarding the appointments that have been scheduled.

26. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 25, wherein said
wherein the notifications inform the service providers of requested appointment or cancelled appointments.

27. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 26,
25 wherein the directory includes detailed information on the service providers that have registered with said appointment server, the detailed information including at least a business name and an email address, and

wherein the notifications are sent to the service providers via their email addresses.

28. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 27, wherein when one
5 of the service providers to receive a notification has not previously registered
with said appointment server, the notification is transmitted to the one of the
service providers via the facsimile number for the one of the service providers in
the directory.

10 29. An on-line appointment system as recited in claim 28, wherein the
directory is provided by a database.

Parameter	1990-1991		1991-1992		1992-1993		1993-1994		1994-1995		1995-1996		1996-1997		1997-1998		1998-1999		1999-2000		2000-2001		2001-2002		2002-2003		2003-2004		2004-2005		2005-2006		2006-2007		2007-2008		2008-2009		2009-2010		2010-2011		2011-2012		2012-2013		2013-2014		2014-2015		2015-2016		2016-2017		2017-2018		2018-2019		2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022		2022-2023		2023-2024		2024-2025		2025-2026		2026-2027		2027-2028		2028-2029		2029-2030		2030-2031		2031-2032		2032-2033		2033-2034		2034-2035		2035-2036		2036-2037		2037-2038		2038-2039		2039-2040		2040-2041		2041-2042		2042-2043		2043-2044		2044-2045		2045-2046		2046-2047		2047-2048		2048-2049		2049-2050		2050-2051		2051-2052		2052-2053		2053-2054		2054-2055		2055-2056		2056-2057		2057-2058		2058-2059		2059-2060		2060-2061		2061-2062		2062-2063		2063-2064		2064-2065		2065-2066		2066-2067		2067-2068		2068-2069		2069-2070		2070-2071		2071-2072		2072-2073		2073-2074		2074-2075		2075-2076		2076-2077		2077-2078		2078-2079		2079-2080		2080-2081		2081-2082		2082-2083		2083-2084		2084-2085		2085-2086		2086-2087		2087-2088		2088-2089		2089-2090		2090-2091		2091-2092		2092-2093		2093-2094		2094-2095		2095-2096		2096-2097		2097-2098		2098-2099		2099-2100		2100-2101		2101-2102		2102-2103		2103-2104		2104-2105		2105-2106		2106-2107		2107-2108		2108-2109		2109-2110		2110-2111		2111-2112		2112-2113		2113-2114		2114-2115		2115-2116		2116-2117		2117-2118		2118-2119		2119-2120		2120-2121		2121-2122		2122-2123		2123-2124		2124-2125		2125-2126		2126-2127		2127-2128		2128-2129		2129-2130		2130-2131		2131-2132		2132-2133		2133-2134		2134-2135		2135-2136		2136-2137		2137-2138		2138-2139		2139-2140		2140-2141		2141-2142		2142-2143		2143-2144		2144-2145		2145-2146		2146-2147		2147-2148		2148-2149		2149-2150		2150-2151		2151-2152		2152-2153		2153-2154		2154-2155		2155-2156		2156-2157		2157-2158		2158-2159		2159-2160		2160-2161		2161-2162		2162-2163		2163-2164		2164-2165		2165-2166		2166-2167		2167-2168		2168-2169		2169-2170		2170-2171		2171-2172		2172-2173		2173-2174		2174-2175		2175-2176		2176-2177		2177-2178		2178-2179		2179-2180		2180-2181		2181-2182		2182-2183		2183-2184		2184-2185		2185-2186		2186-2187		2187-2188		2188-2189		2189-2190		2190-2191		2191-2192		2192-2193		2193-2194		2194-2195		2195-2196		2196-2197		2197-2198		2198-2199		2199-2200		2200-2201		2201-2202		2202-2203		2203-2204		2204-2205		2205-2206		2206-2207		2207-2208		2208-2209		2209-2210		2210-2211		2211-2212		2212-2213		2213-2214		2214-2215		2215-2216		2	
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ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM WITH ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 Improved approaches to providing on-line appointments over a network
are disclosed. The network is, for example, a global computer network such as
the Internet. One of the improved approaches provides various notifications to
requestors pertaining to appointments with individuals or businesses (e.g.,
service providers). In one implementation, the notifications can be provided by
10 electronic mail. Another of the improved approaches allows notifications
pertaining to requested appointments to be provided to service providers that
have not previously registered to receive on-line appointments.

002740 " 5281550

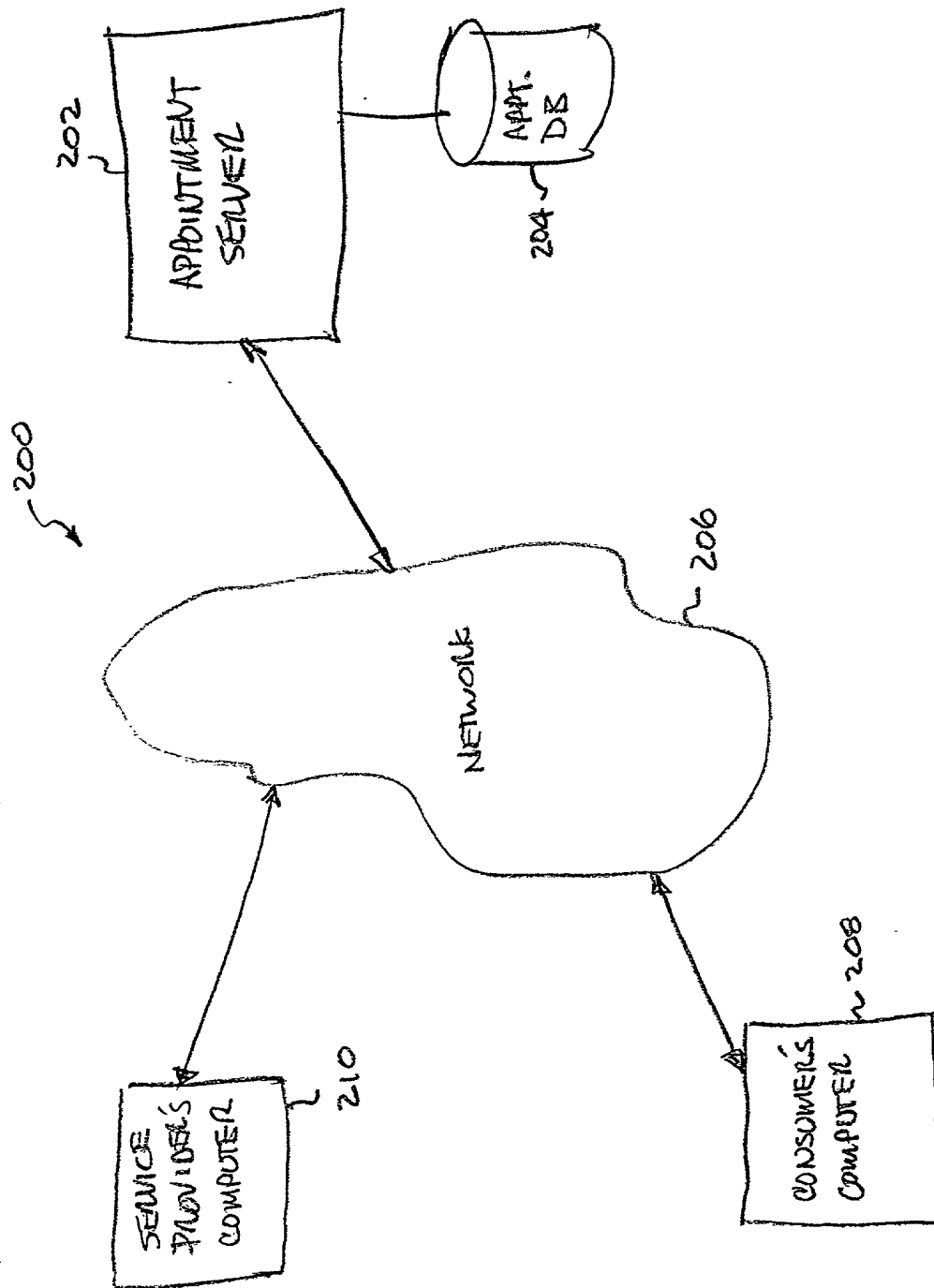


FIG. 2A

00240" 5287560

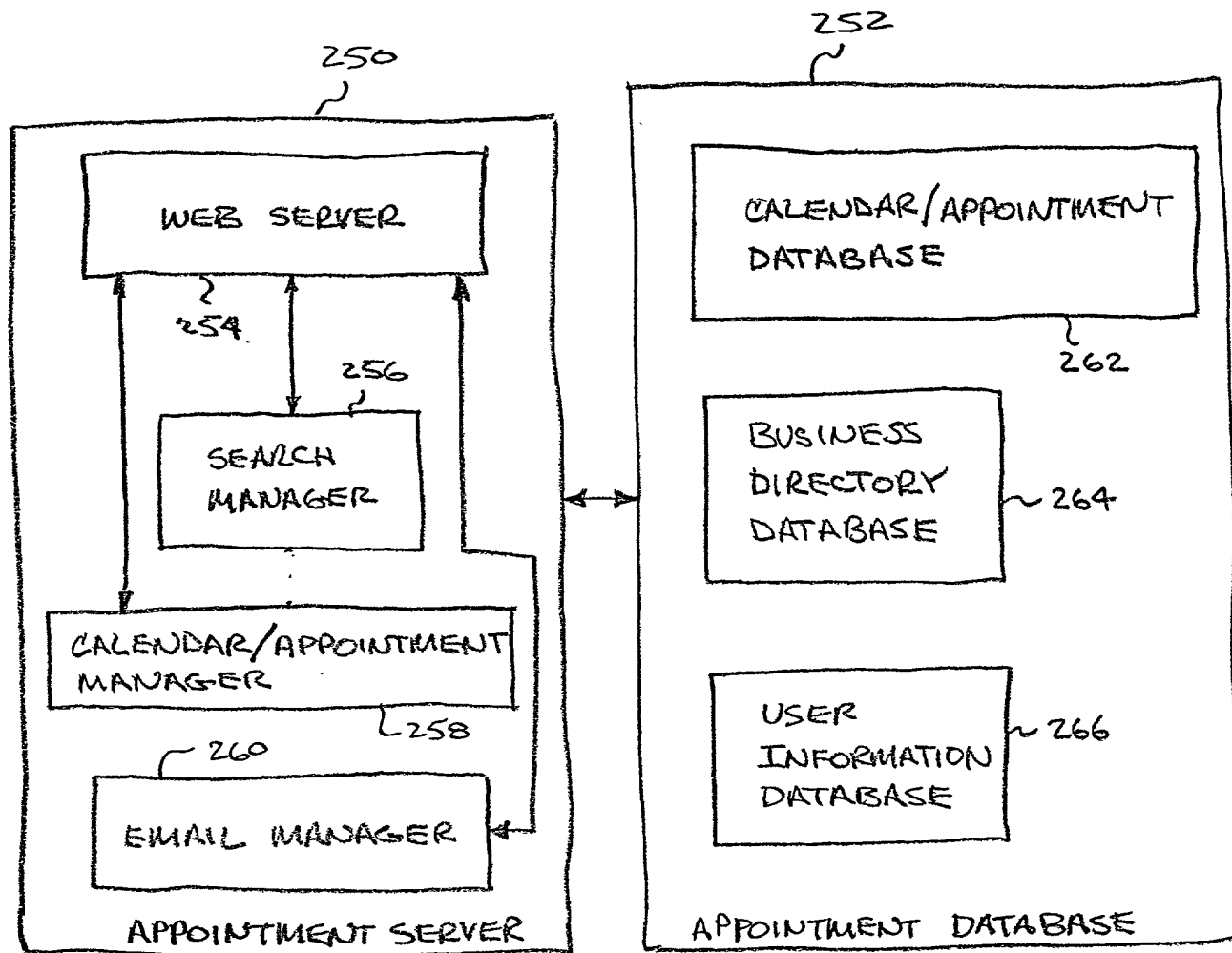


FIG. 2B

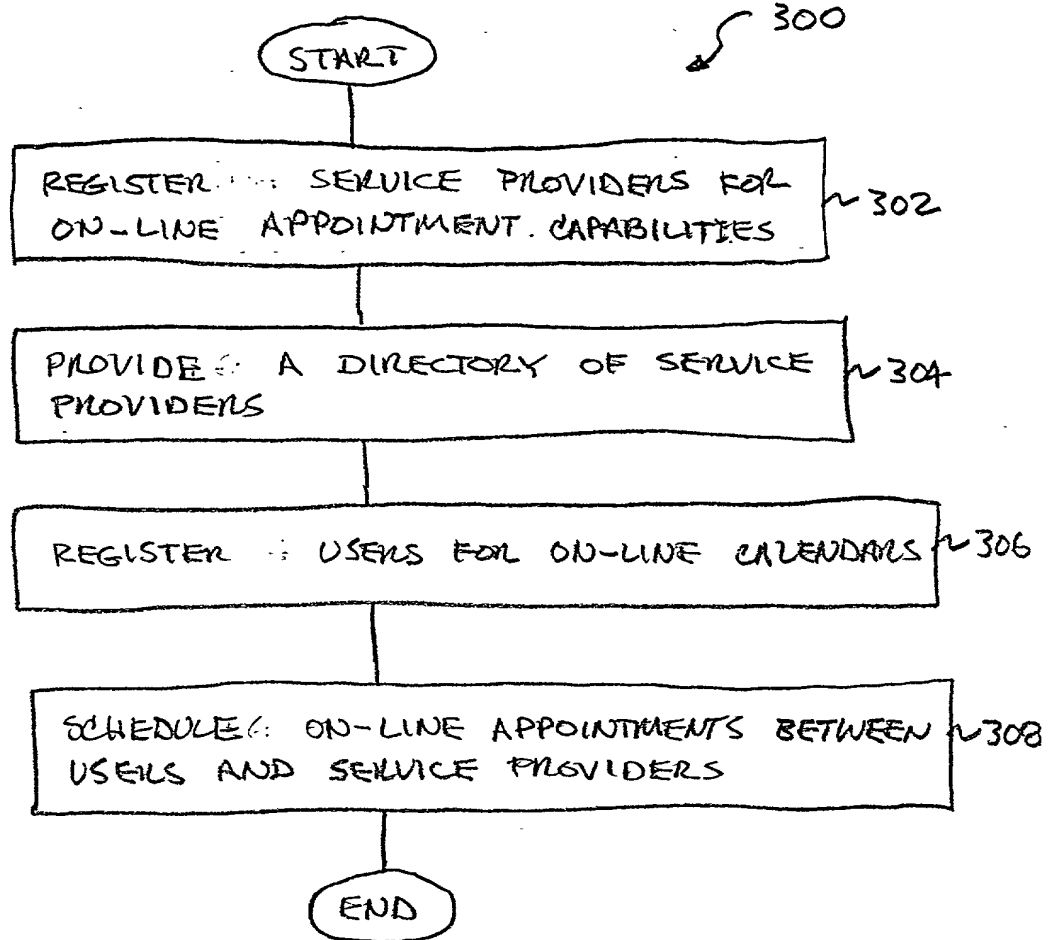


FIG. 3A

09551825.044700

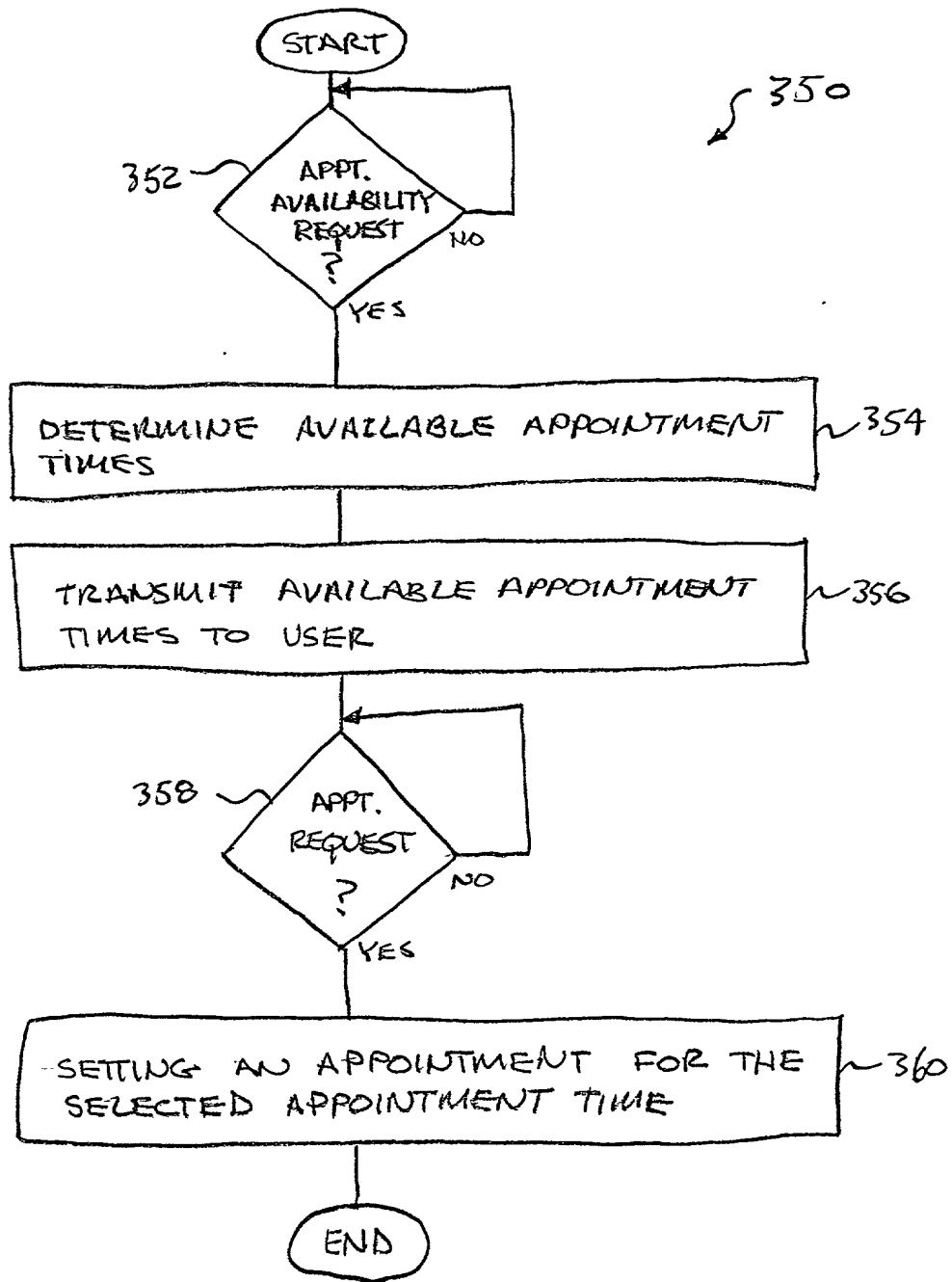


FIG. 3B

START

ACCESS APPT. SERVER WEBPAGE ~ 402

RECEIVE AND DISPLAY LOGIN PAGE ~ 404

ENTER USER NAME AND PASSWORD
AND SUBMIT ~ 406

RECEIVE AND DISPLAY USER'S CALENDAR ~ 408

410 ~
MAKE
APPT.
?

416 ~
REQUEST TO MAKE APPOINTMENT

RECEIVE AND DISPLAY SERVICE
PROVIDER SEARCH FORM ~ 418

ENTER SEARCH INFORMATION
AND SUBMIT SEARCH REQUEST ~ 420

422 ~
RESPONSE
?

424 ~
DISPLAY LIST OF MATCHING SERVICE PROVIDERS

426 ~
SELECTION
?

428 ~
REQUEST APPT. TYPES FOR SELECTED SERVICE PROVIDER

412 ~
OTHER
PROCESSING
?

OTHER PROCESSING

415 ~
QUIT
?

END

FIG. 4A

0551825 041700

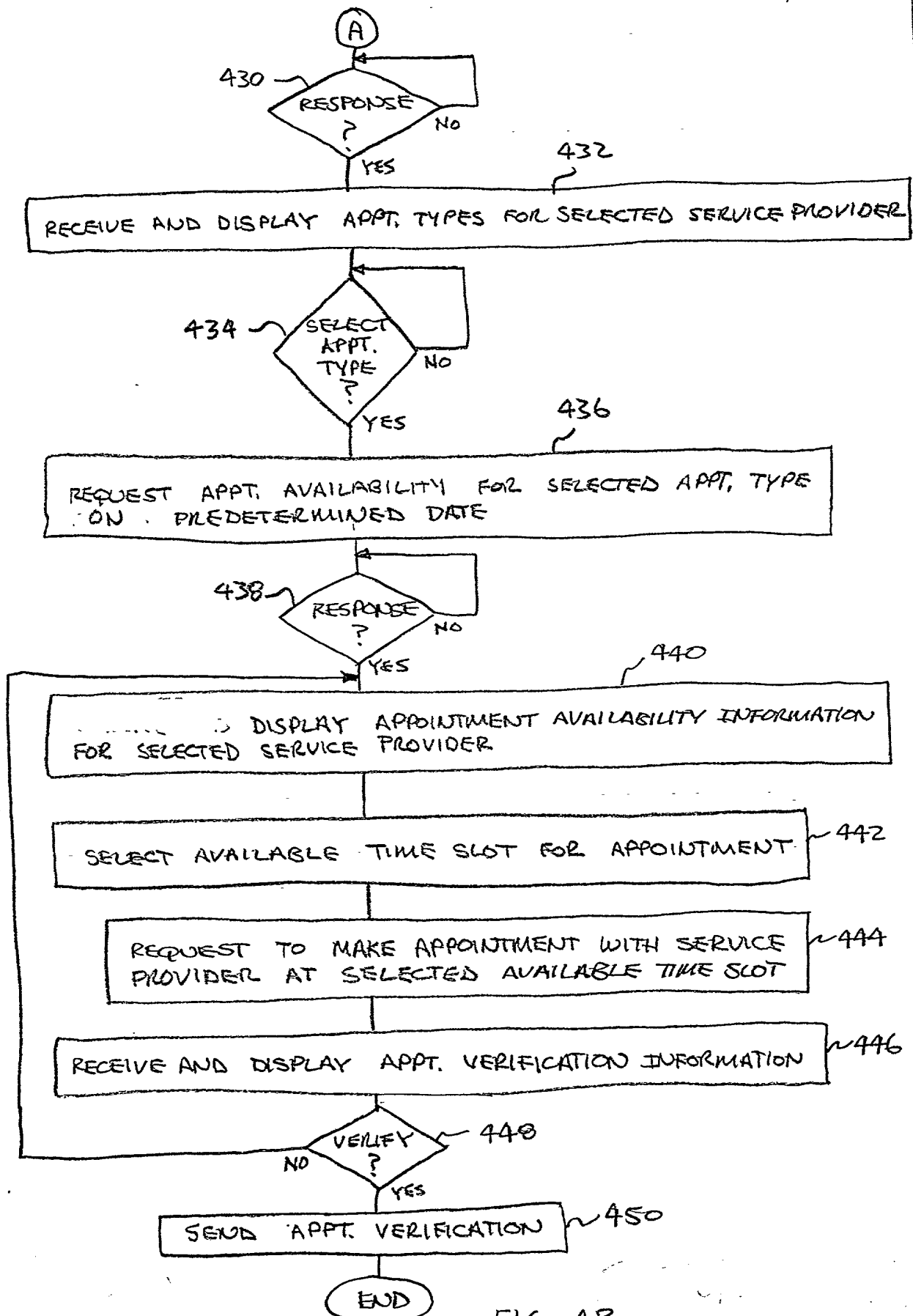
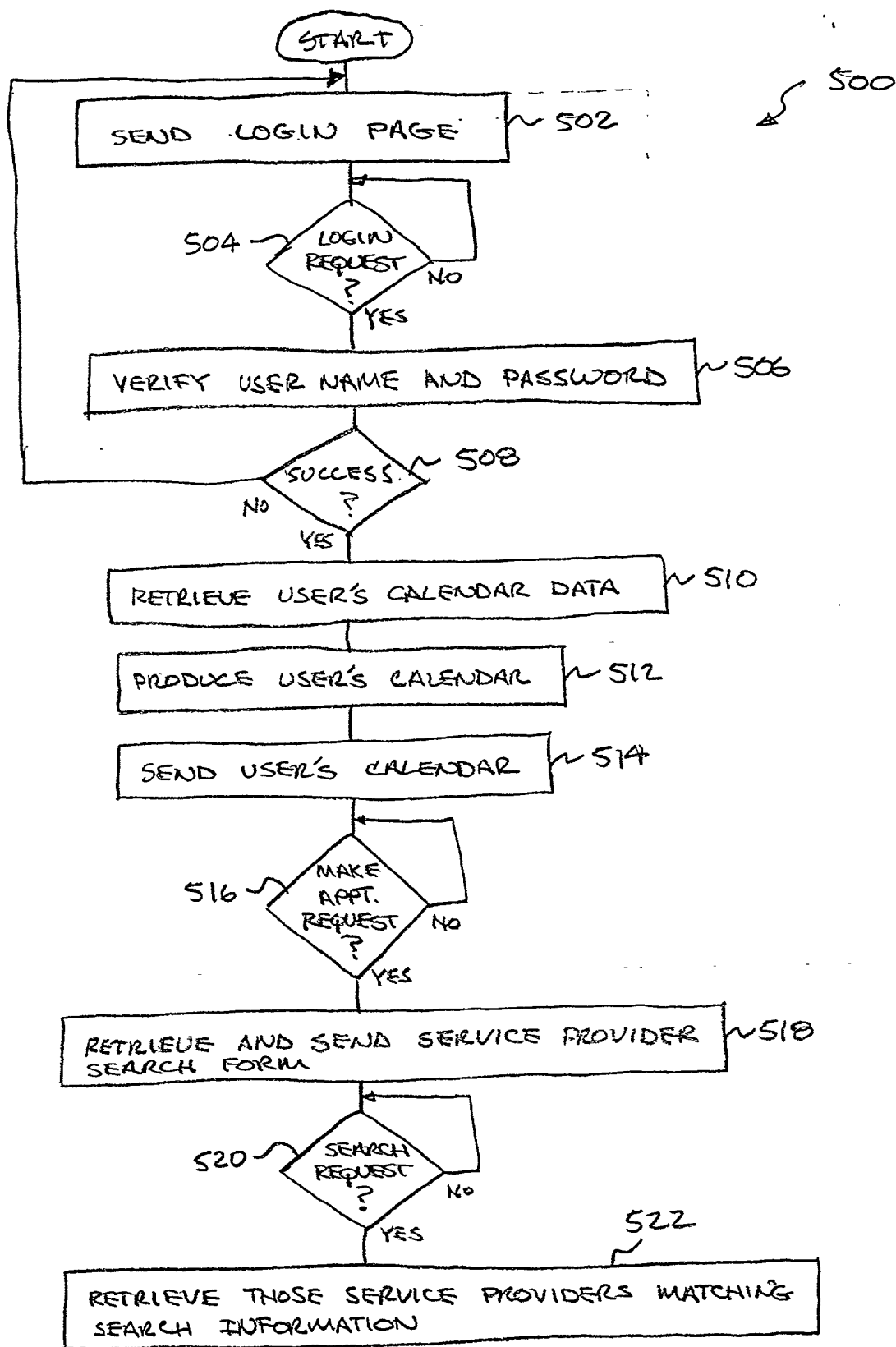


FIG. 4B

09551825 "041700



(C)

FIG. 5A

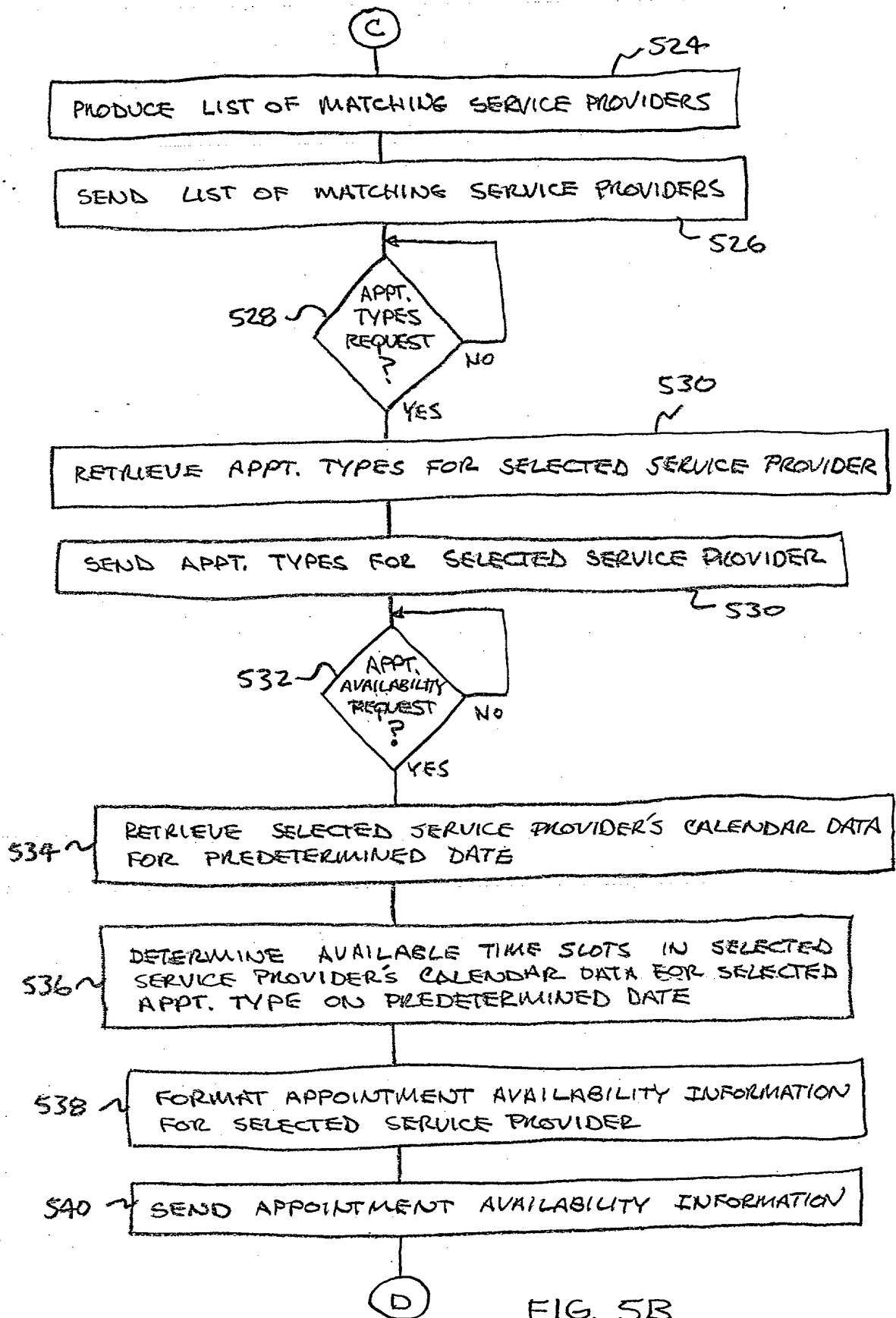


FIG. 5B

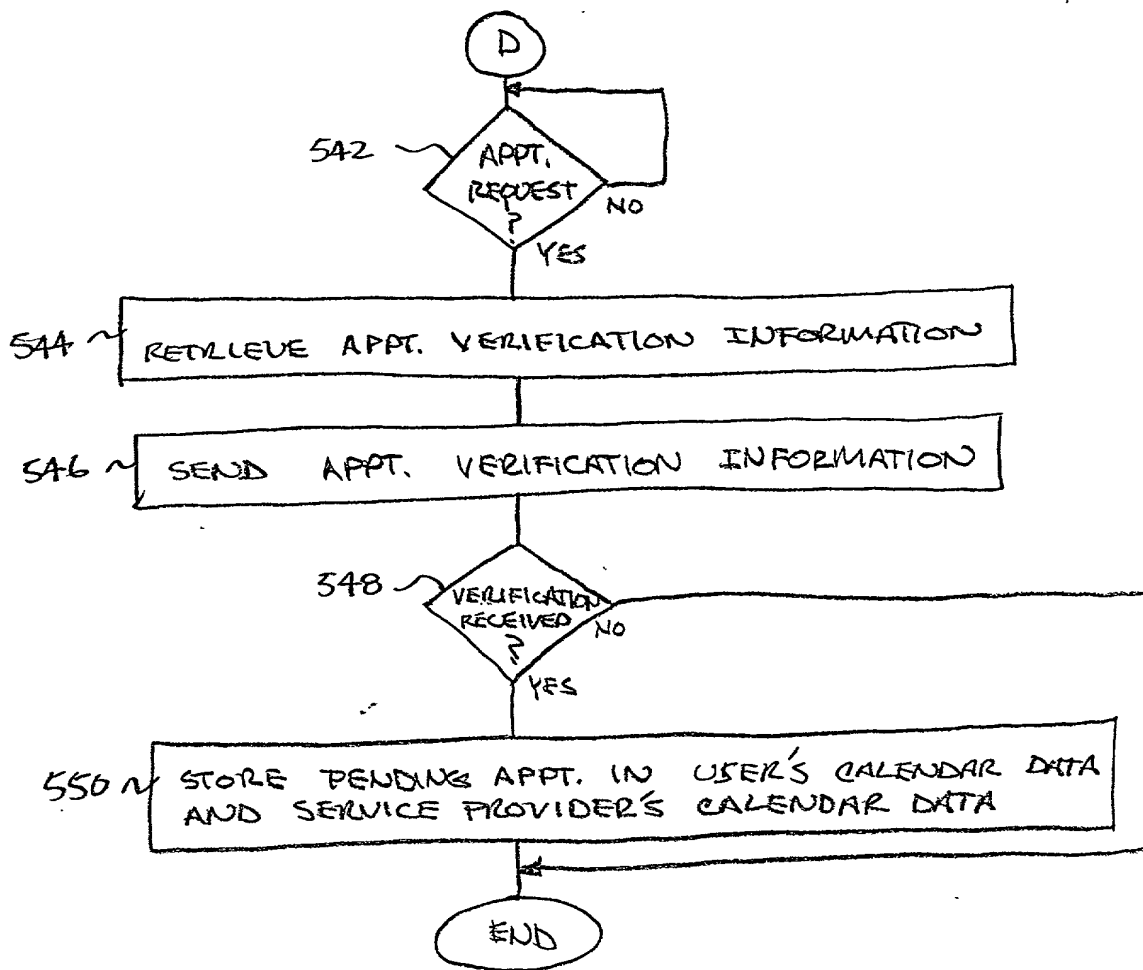


FIG. 5C

00240" 5281560

ambisio
New User Processing
560

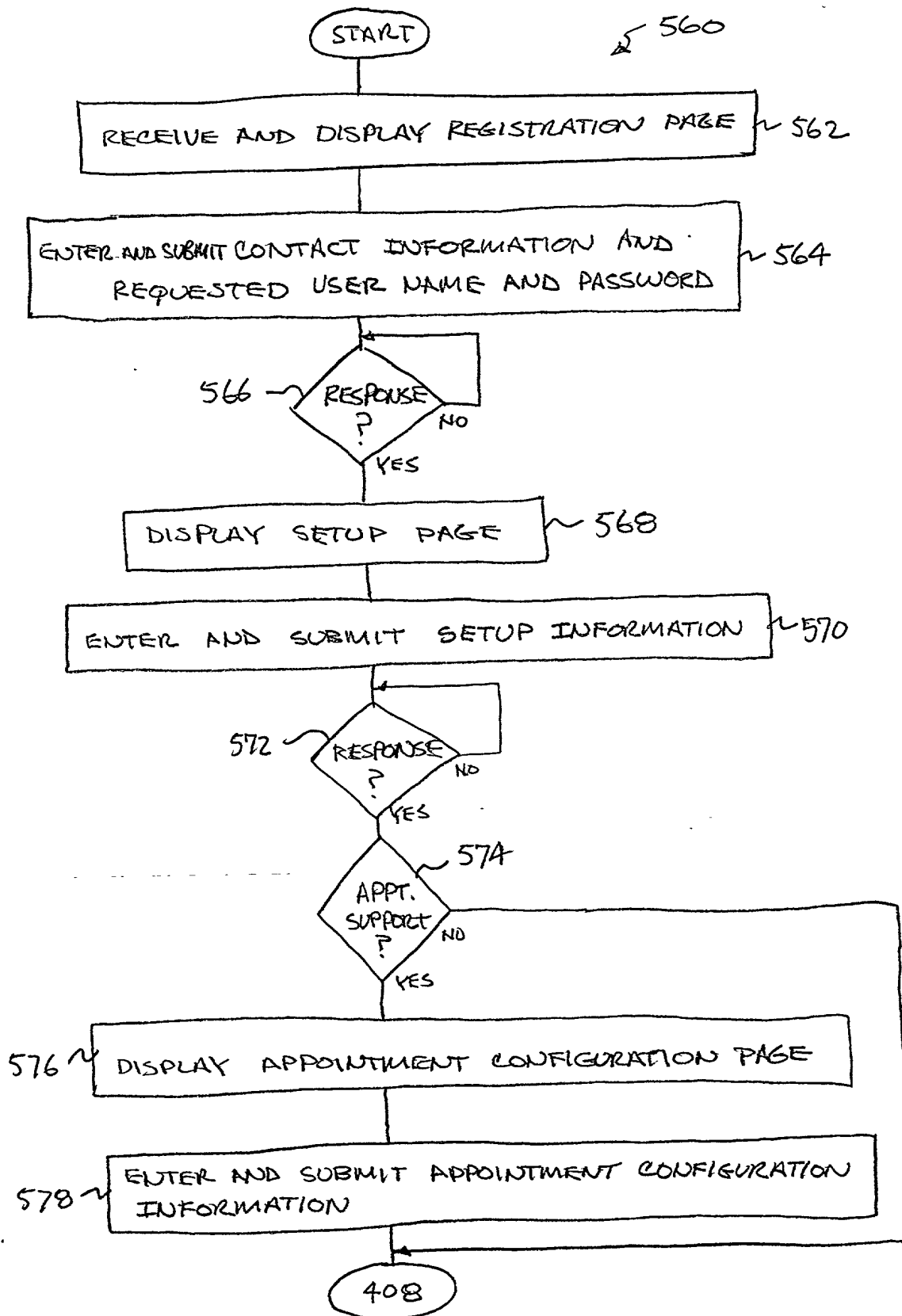


FIG. 5D

New User Addressing
Server

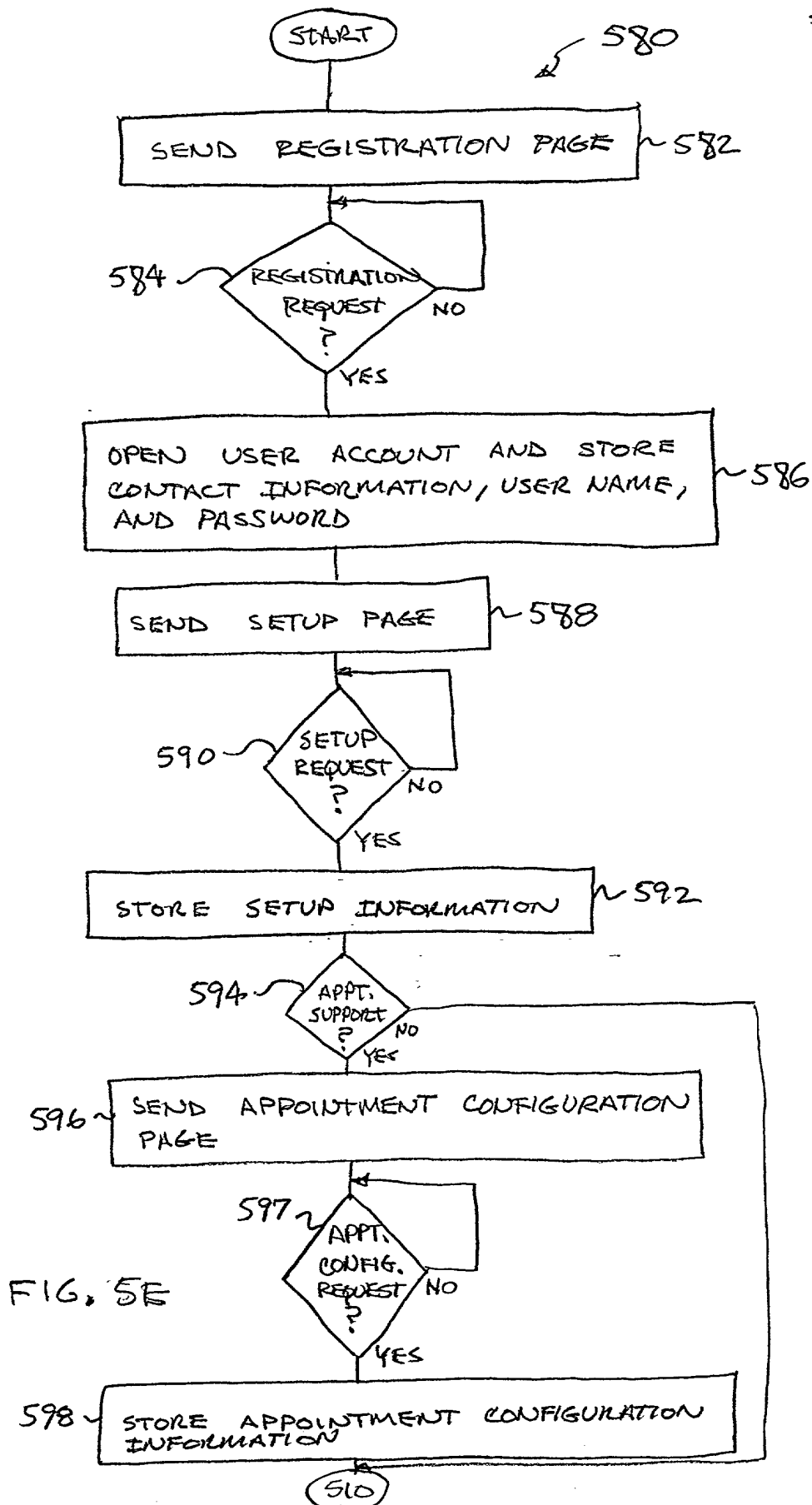


FIG. 5E

00740"92815560

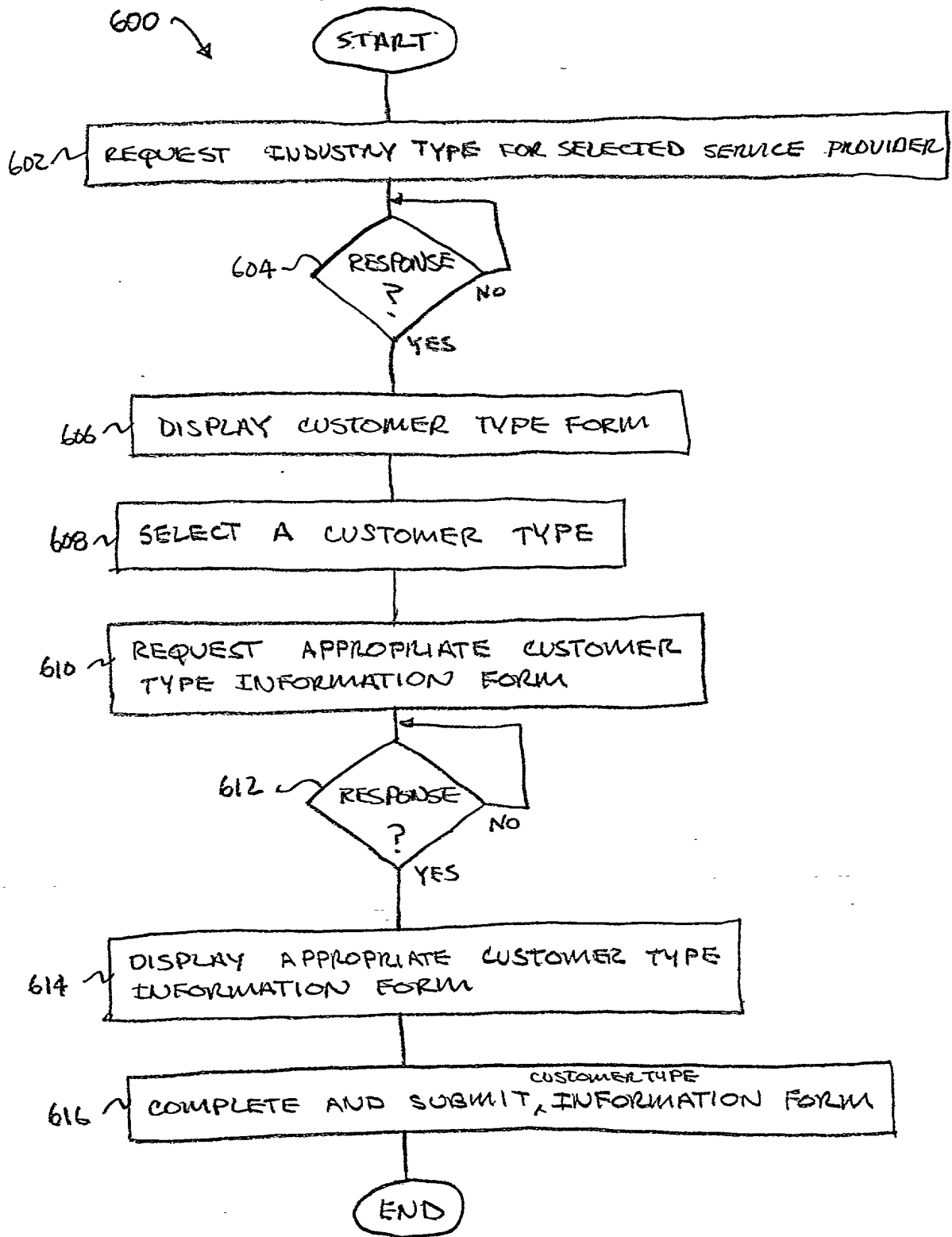
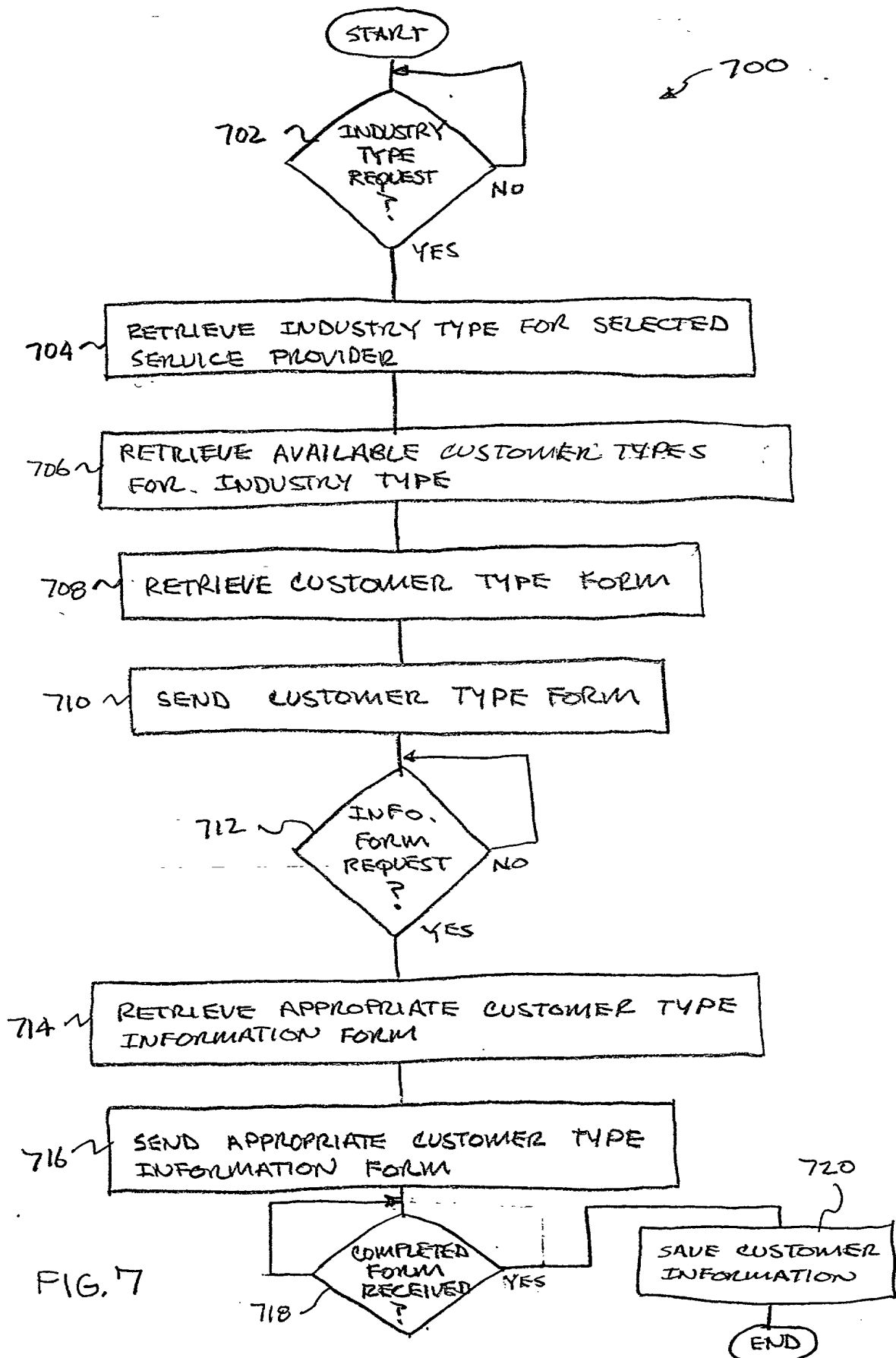


FIG. 6



09551825 041700

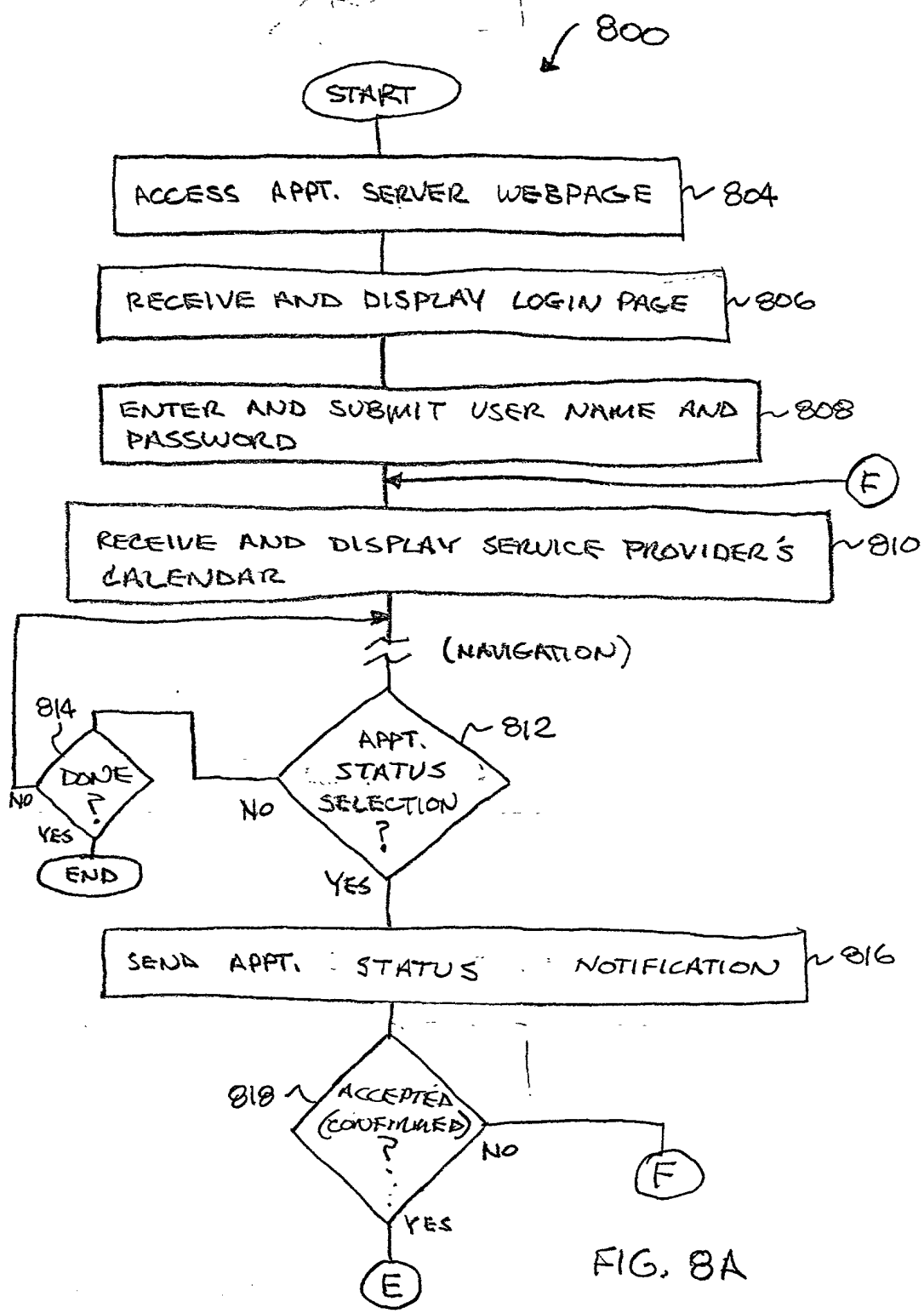


FIG. 8A

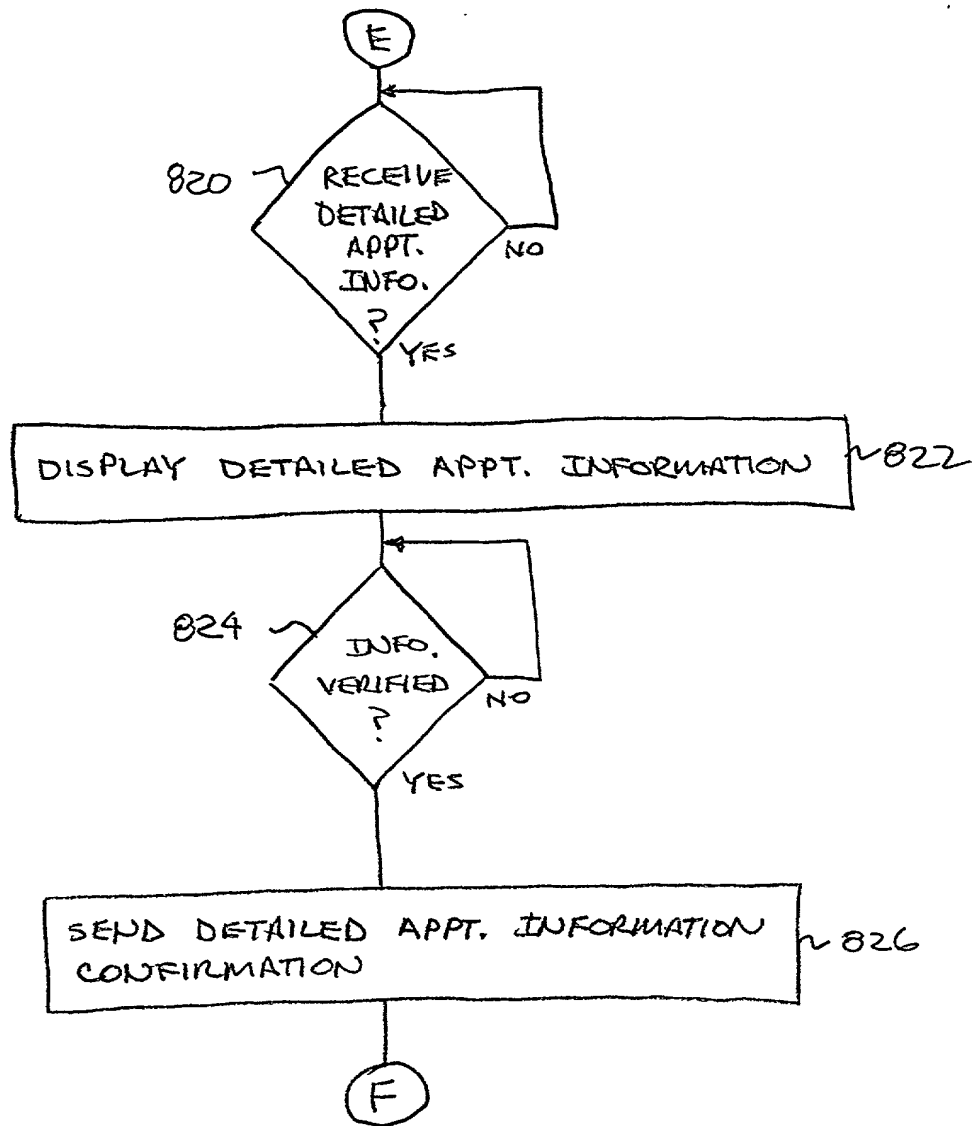


FIG. 8B

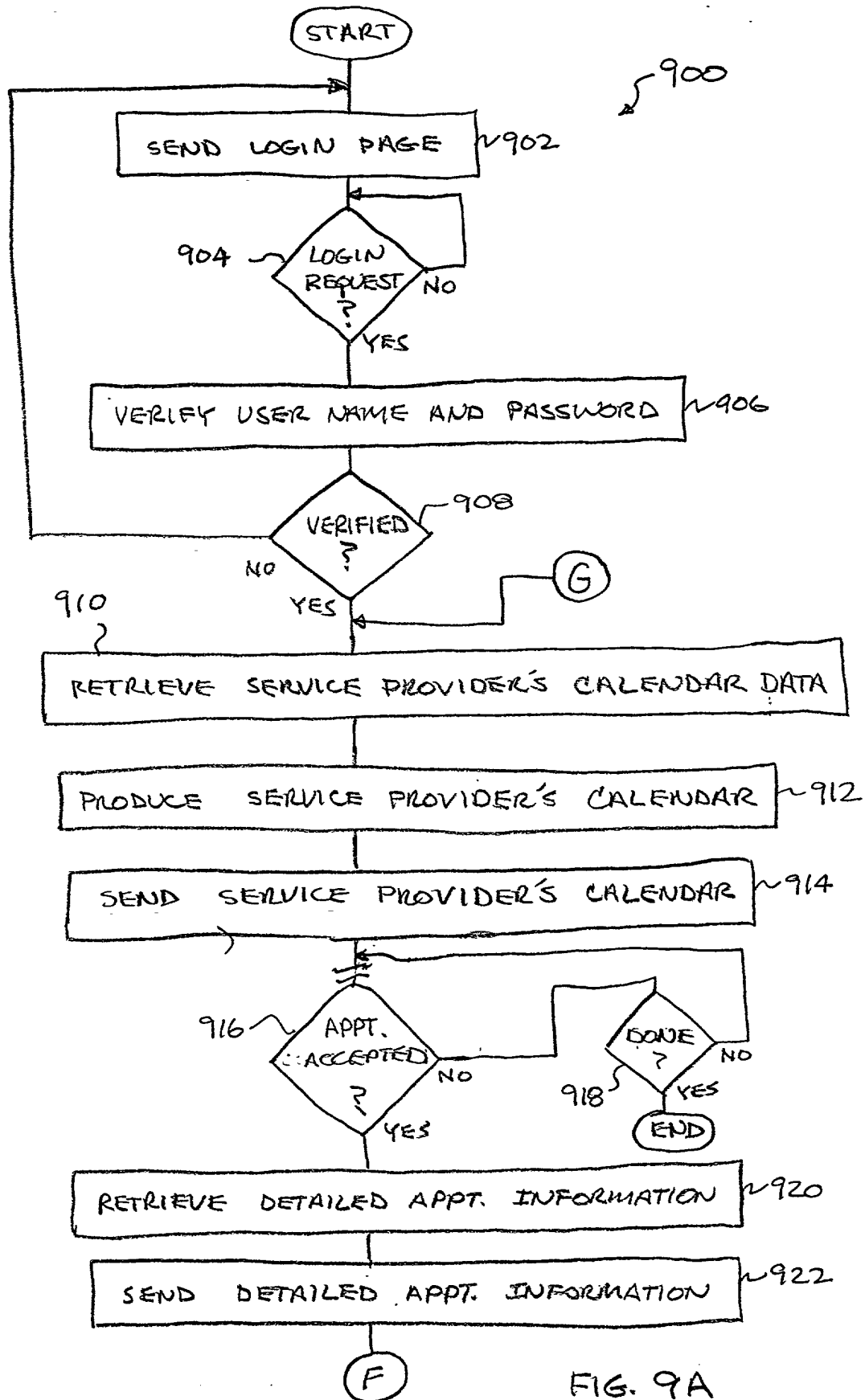


FIG. 9A

0951825.041700

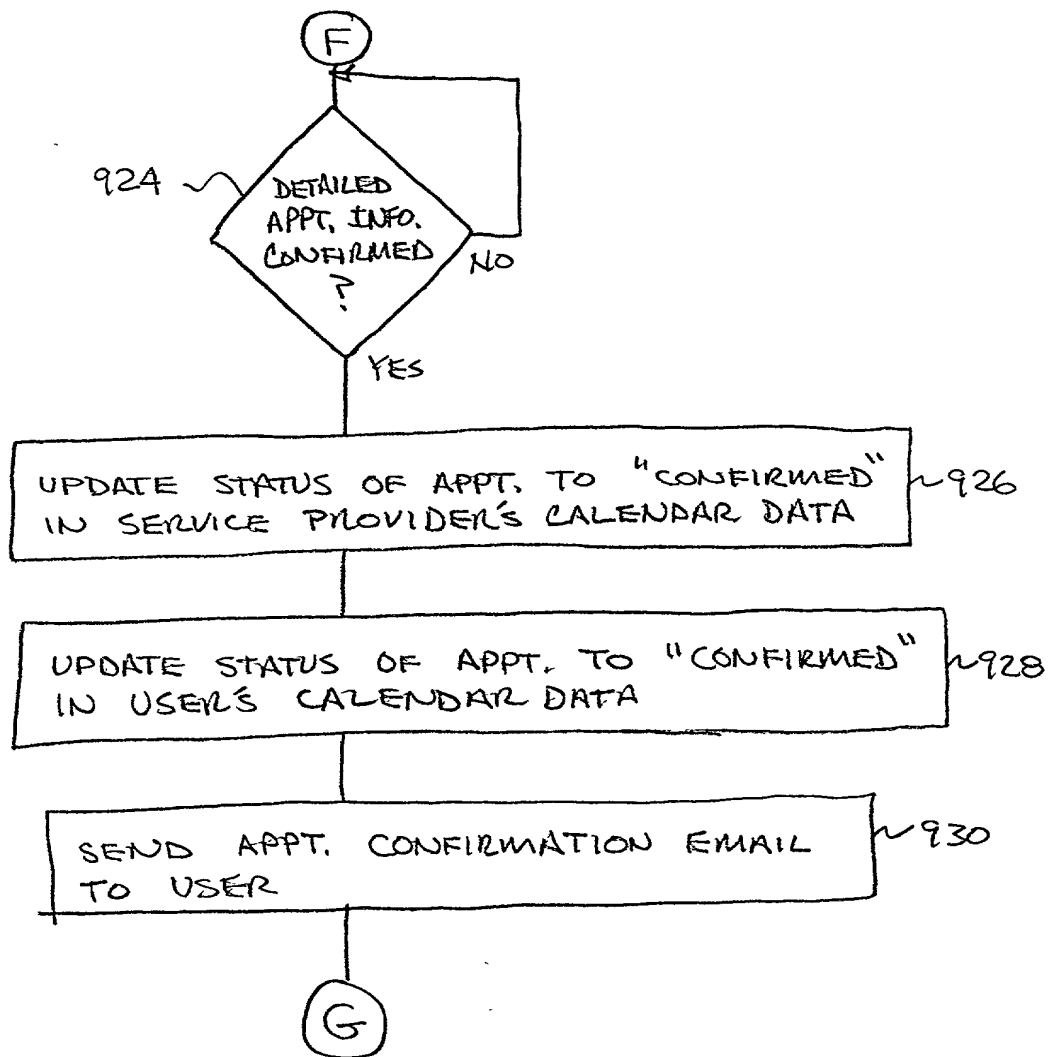


FIG. 9B

0954825-04700

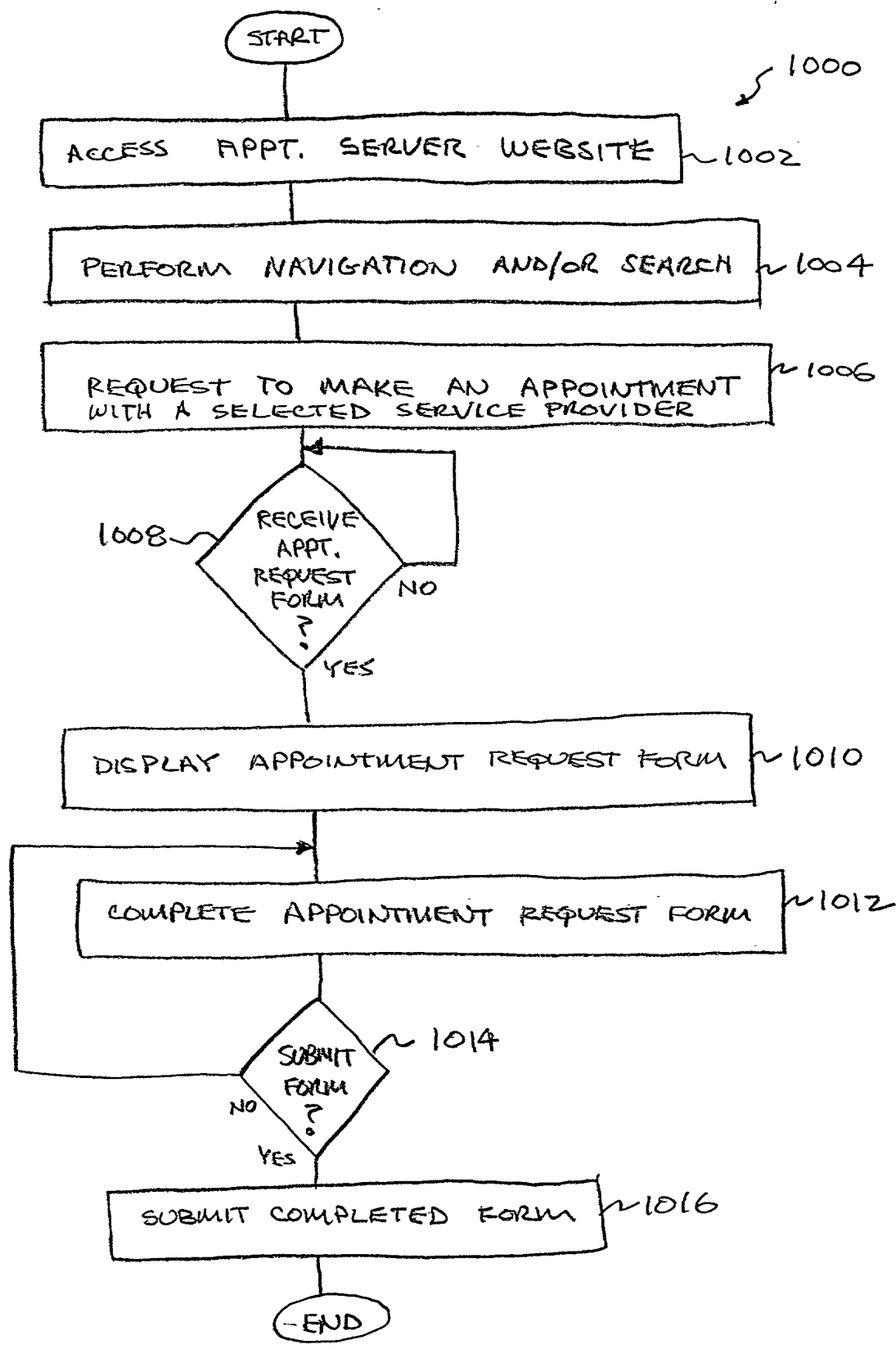
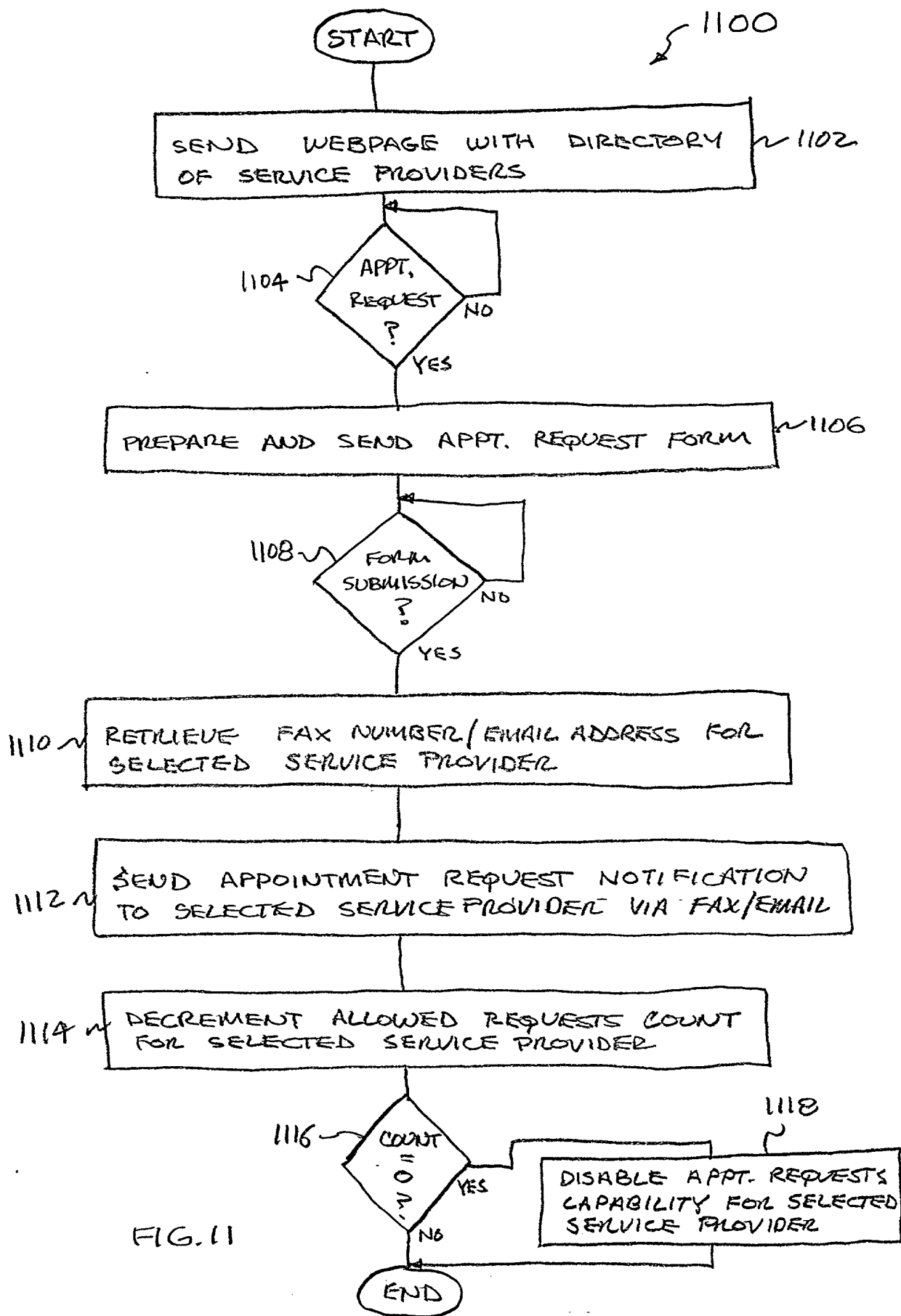


FIG. 10

09551825 041700



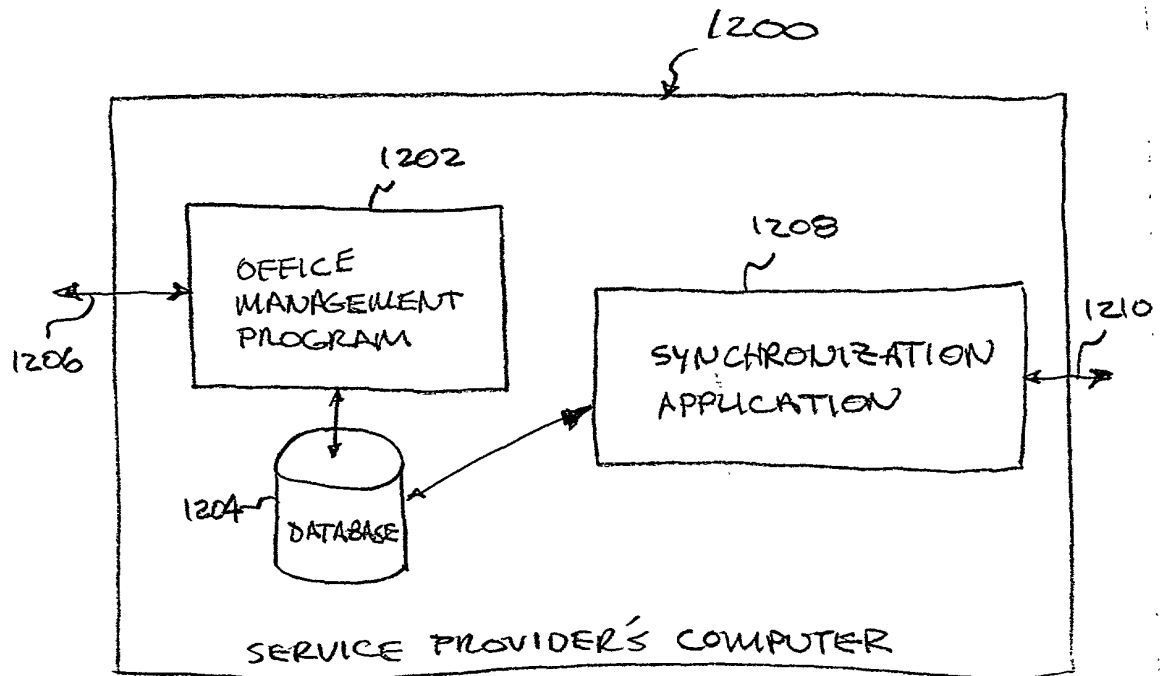
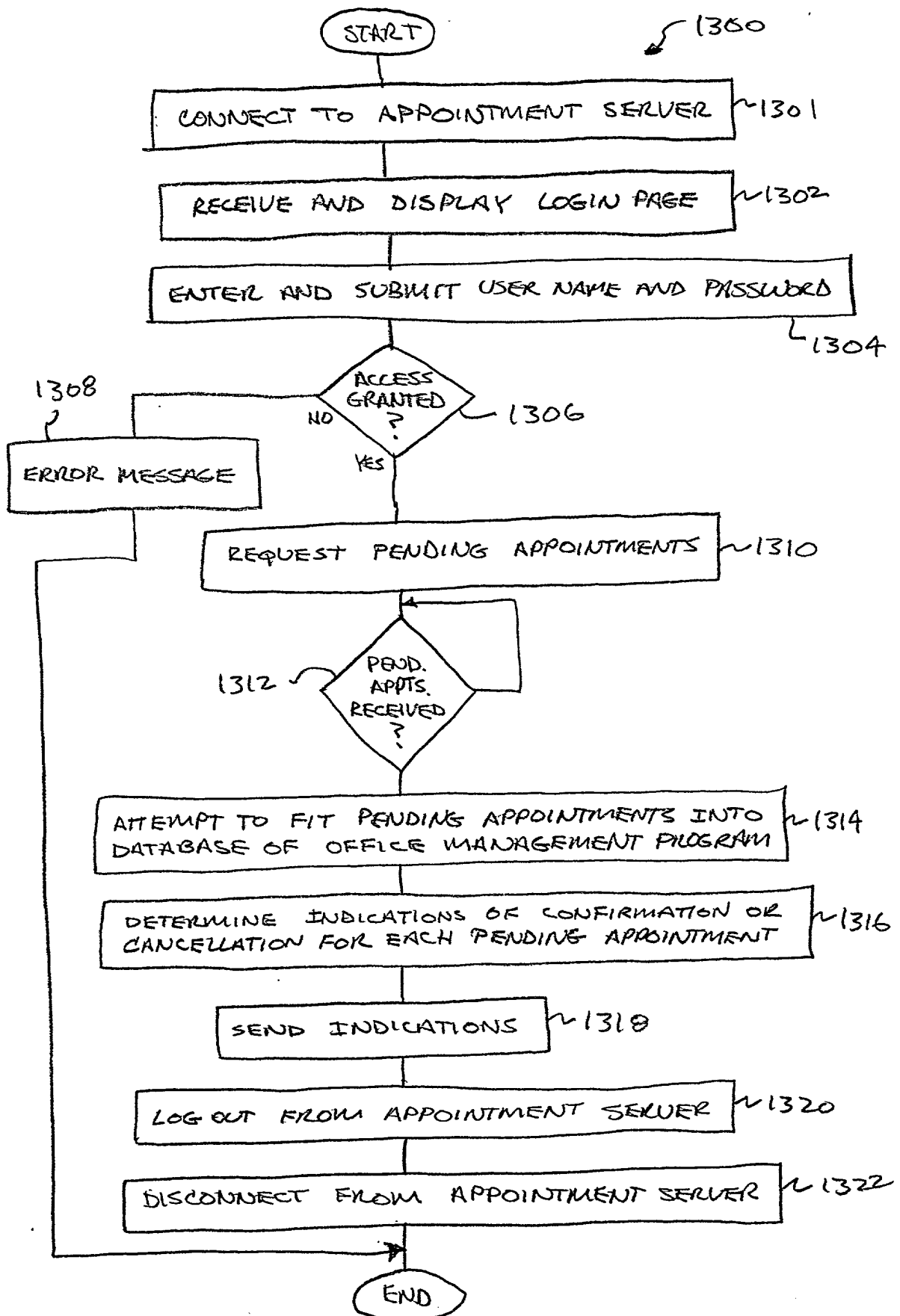


FIG. 12

Variable	Mean	SD	Min	Max
Age	34.5	10.2	22	55
Gender	0.5	0.5	0	1
Marital status	0.6	0.5	0	1
Education	12.5	1.5	10	15
Income	1500	500	500	3000
Health status	0.8	0.2	0	1
Employment status	0.7	0.3	0	1
Life satisfaction	4.5	1.0	1	7
Depression	0.2	0.4	0	1
Stress	3.5	1.5	1	7
Quality of life	5.5	1.0	1	7
Physical health	0.9	0.1	0	1
Mental health	0.7	0.3	0	1
Social health	0.6	0.2	0	1
Environmental health	0.5	0.2	0	1
Overall health	0.8	0.2	0	1
Life expectancy	75	5	60	90
Healthcare costs	1000	300	500	2000
Health insurance	0.9	0.1	0	1
Healthcare access	0.8	0.2	0	1
Healthcare quality	0.7	0.3	0	1
Healthcare satisfaction	0.6	0.2	0	1
Healthcare utilization	0.5	0.2	0	1
Healthcare expenditure	0.4	0.2	0	1
Healthcare equity	0.3	0.2	0	1
Healthcare efficiency	0.2	0.2	0	1
Healthcare effectiveness	0.1	0.2	0	1
Healthcare safety	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare transparency	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare accountability	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare integrity	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare honesty	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare fairness	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare justice	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare freedom	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare equality	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare diversity	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare inclusion	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare participation	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare collaboration	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare partnership	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare alliance	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare coalition	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare network	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare system	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare organization	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare institution	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare provider	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare worker	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare staff	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare team	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare group	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare community	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare society	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare culture	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare values	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare beliefs	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare attitudes	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare behaviors	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare practices	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare procedures	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare protocols	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare standards	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare guidelines	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare policies	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare laws	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare regulations	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare rules	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare codes	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare norms	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare customs	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare traditions	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare rituals	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare ceremonies	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare events	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare activities	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare programs	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare projects	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare initiatives	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare campaigns	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare efforts	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare actions	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare steps	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare measures	0.0	0.2	0	1
Healthcare				






00551825 "041700

eAppointment - Register - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/register.asp> Links



Registration (fields with * are required)

Please Tell Us About Yourself

*First Name:

*Last Name:

Company Name:

*Address Line 1:

Address Line 2:

*City: *State/Province:

*Country: United States

*ZIP/Postal Code:

*Telephone:

*Email:

Create Your Own User Name and Password

*User Name: (At least 5 characters)

*Password: (At least 5 characters)

*Confirm Password:

Done Internet zone


FIG. 15




09551835 "041700

eAppointment - Edit Preference - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address  http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/prefedit.asp?uid=dthomas Links



Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Setup:

How would you like the default view of your calendar? ☒ Day View ☐ Week View

The default time range of your calendar should be 8 AM to 8 PM

Your time zone is U.S. Pacific

Would you like to have email notification for your scheduled appointments?

☐ Yes, and have the email sent to

☒ No, thanks.

Would you like other users to be able to schedule appointments with you? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Done Internet zone

FIG. 16


0051823 041700

eAppointment - Edit Preference - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/prefedit1.asp?uid=dthomas> Links

eAppointment 1700 

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

About your appointments:

Would you like to have your appointments confirmed automatically? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Now, tell me more about your availability for scheduling appointments during the week:

You will be available: ☐ Sunday ☐ Monday ☐ Tuesday ☐ Wednesday ☐ Thursday ☐ Friday ☐ Saturday

from: 9 :00 AM to 5 :00 PM

Please note any other times you will be available (Optional):

1. On: ☐ Sunday ☐ Monday ☐ Tuesday ☐ Wednesday ☐ Thursday ☐ Friday ☐ Saturday

from: 9 :00 AM to 5 :00 PM

2. On: ☐ Sunday ☐ Monday ☐ Tuesday ☐ Wednesday ☐ Thursday ☐ Friday ☐ Saturday

from: 9 :00 AM to 5 :00 PM

Please note any major break within the day (for lunch, etc.)

It will close on: ☐ Sunday ☐ Monday ☐ Tuesday ☐ Wednesday ☐ Thursday ☐ Friday ☐ Saturday

at: 12 :00 PM to 1 :00 PM

Please specify the types of appointments you want other users to make with you.

User Category: Other ☐ if "Other", please specify

Do you want to use our designed form for the selected service type? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Appointment type: 1. Duration: 0 hours 00 minutes

2. Duration: 0 hours 00 minutes

Internet zone

FIG. 17



09551825 "041700

eAppointment - Calendar in Day View - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/calday.asp?uid=dthomas> Links

1800

1824 Home1826 Account Info1828 Preference1830 Calendar1832 Add Event1834 Make Appointment1836 Address Book1838 Logout

Today: August 16, 1999

◀ August 1999 ▶

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	1	2	3	4

Aug 16 1999 Go

Day Week

1812 1814

Doug Thomas's Calendar

Monday, August 16, 1999

Time	Event
8am	
9am	9:00am-5:00pm Open for Appointment
10am	
11am	
12pm	
1pm	
2pm	
3pm	
4pm	
5pm	
6pm	
7pm	
8pm	

1816 1818 1803 1802

Done Internet zone

FIG. 18

00440" 5281560

eAppointment - Add/Edit Event - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/eventedit.asp?uid=dthomas&new=Y&sd=8/16/99&vw=d> Links

Home Account Info Preference Calendar **Add Event** Make Appointment Address Book Logout

ADD NEW EVENT

Event Description:

Date: August 16 1999

Time: The Event will ☐ takes all day
☒ begin at 9:00 AM
and it will last 1 hours :00 minutes

Details:

☒ Mark Busy to my Appointment Schedule

Optional: Do you want this event to be repeated?

☒ No
☐ Yes, please repeat every day OR
☐ Yes, please repeat every first Sunday of the month every month

This event will be repeated:
☒ Always, OR
☐ Until August 23 1999

Optional: Do you want a reminder for this event?

☒ No
☐ Yes, please reminder me 1 day prior to the event
by sending email to

Opening page <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/eventedit.asp?uid=dthomas&new=Y&sd=8/16/99&vw=d> Internet zone

1900

FIG. 19

09551825 041700

eAppointment - Add/Edit Event - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/eventedit.asp?uid=dthomas&new=Y&sd=8/16/99&vw=d> Links

Home Account Info Preference Calendar **Add Event** Make Appointment Address Book Logout

ADD NEW EVENT

Event Description:

Date:

Time: The Event will ☐ takes all day
☒ begin at : AM
and it will last hours minutes

Details:

☒ Mark Busy to my Appointment Schedule

Optional: Do you want this event to be repeated?

☒ No
☐ Yes, please repeat every day OR
☐ Yes, please repeat every Sunday of the month every

This event will be repeated:
☒ Always, OR
☐ Until

Optional: Do you want a reminder for this event?

☐ No
☒ Yes, please reminder me prior to the event
by sending email to

Done Internet zone

2000

FIG. 20

0551825 "041700

eAppointment - Calendar in Day View - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/calday.asp?uid=dthomas&sd=8/16/99> Links

eAppointment 2100

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Today: August 16, 1999

◀ August 1999 ▶

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	1	2	3	4

Aug 16 1999 Go

Day Week

Doug Thomas's Calendar ◀ Monday, August 16, 1999 ▶

Time	Event	Tools
8am		
9am	9:00am-5:00pm <u>Open for Appointment</u>	✎ 🗑
10am		
11am		
12pm	12:00pm-1:00pm <u>Lunch with John Smith</u>	✎ 🗑
1pm		
2pm		
3pm		
4pm		
5pm		
6pm		
7pm		
8pm		

Internet zone

FIG. 21

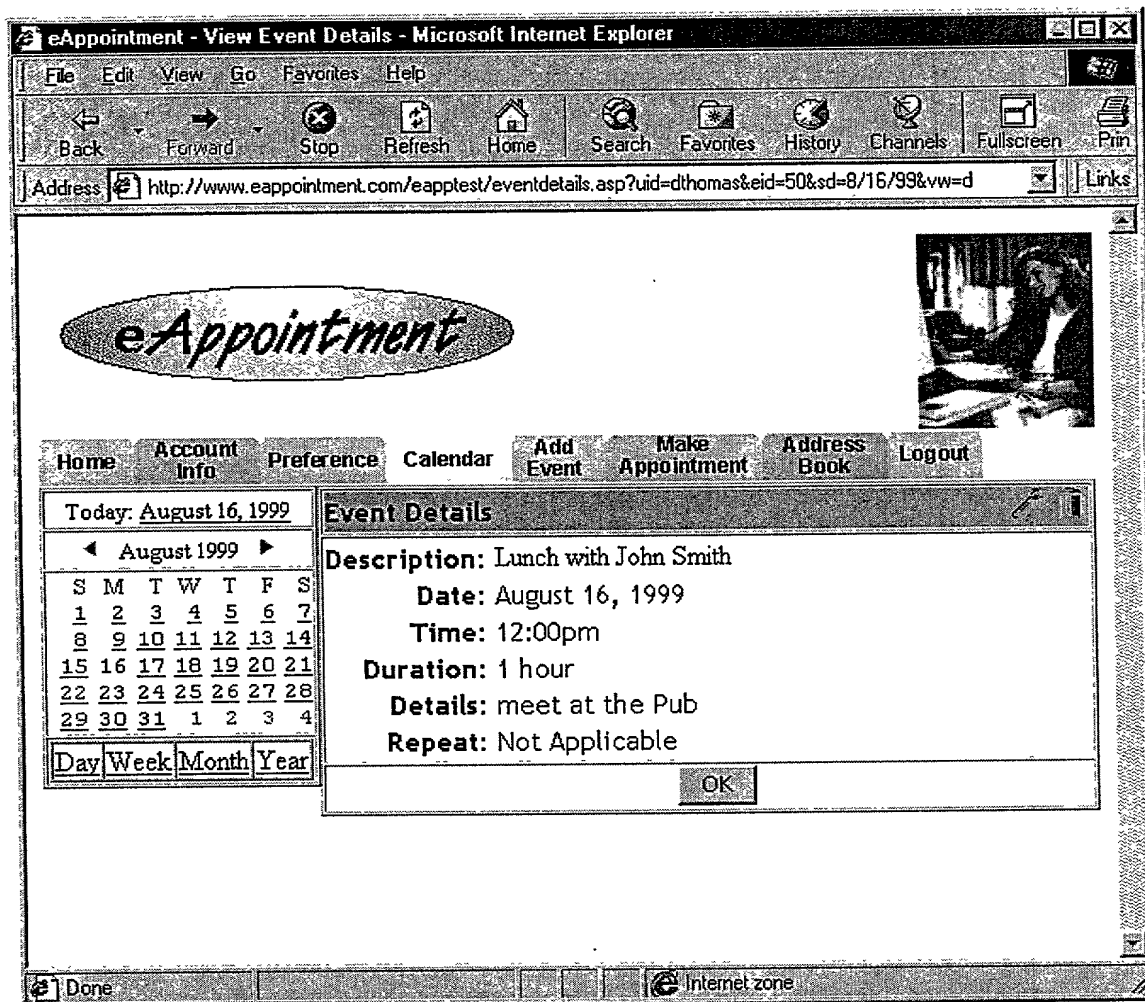




FIG. 22


09551825 "041700

eAppointment - Search Service Provider - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address  http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/appsearch.asp?uid=dthomas&sd=8/16/99&vw=d&ft=Y 

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Search Service Provider

Please fill in desired fields to help us find your interested party. 2300

Name of Person:- First Name: Last Name:

Company Name:

City: State/Province:

ZIP/Postal Code:

Country: United States

Service Category:



 Opening page http://www.e  Internet zone

FIG. 23

09551825 "041700

eAppointment - Search Service Provider - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print


Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/appsearch.asp?uid=dthomas&sd=8/16/99&vw=d&ft=N&ps=15> Links


eAppointment

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Search Service Provider

Total 1 Found in 1 Page

Click on the business name to schedule an appointment or the  icon to add to address book

Moto Development Group, Tommy Tam, Sunnyvale, California, United States  2400

Please fill in desired fields to help us find your interested party.

Name of Person:- First Name: Last Name:

Company Name:

City: State/Province:

ZIP/Postal Code:

Country:

Service Category:

Internet zone

FIG. 24

002740" 5287560

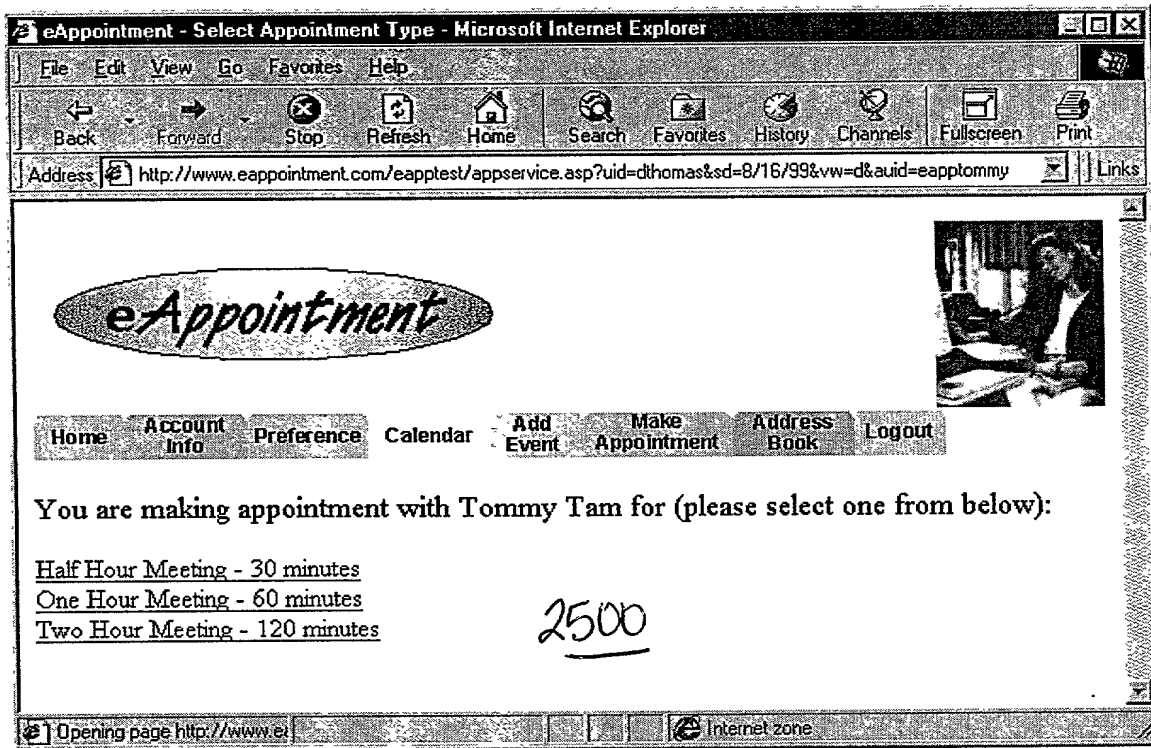


FIG. 25

09551825 1041700

eAppointment - Appointment in Day View - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address www.eappointment.com/eapptest/appday.asp?uid=dthomas&vw=d&auid=eapptommy&srv=1&sd=8/16/1999 Links

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Select Appointment Slot

2612 Today: August 16, 1999

2614 ◀ August 1999 ▶

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	1	2	3	4

2606 Aug 17 1999 Go

2608 Select time slot below with Tommy Tam

2610 Half Hour Meeting - 30 minutes

10am	10:00am-10:30am
	10:30am-11:00am
11am	11:00am-11:30am
	11:30am-12:00pm
12pm	12:00pm-12:30pm
	12:30pm-1:00pm
1pm	1:00pm-1:30pm
	1:30pm-2:00pm
2pm	2:00pm-2:30pm
	2:30pm-3:00pm
3pm	3:00pm-3:30pm
	3:30pm-4:00pm
4pm	4:00pm-4:30pm
	4:30pm-5:00pm
5pm	5:00pm-5:30pm
	5:30pm-6:00pm
6pm	6:00pm-6:30pm

Doug Thomas's Calendar Tuesday, August 17, 1999 2620

8am

9am 9:00am-5:00pm Open for Appointment

10am

11am

12pm

1pm

2pm 2602

3pm

4pm

5pm

6pm

7pm

8pm

2600

Internet zone

FIG. 26

09551825 041700

eAppointment - submit Appointment - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address <http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/appconf.asp?uid=dthomas&sd=8/17/99&vw=d&avid=eapptommy&a> Links

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Submit Appointment

Date: Tuesday, August 17, 1999
Time: 2:00pm to 2:30pm
Name: Tommy Tam
Company Name: Moto Development Group
City: Sunnyvale
State/Province: California
ZIP/Postal Code: 94087 2700
Country: United States
Service Category: Personal Use
Appointment Type: Half Hour Meeting

Person for whom appointment is being made for
(Only if differs from user):

Your Message:
(225 Characters)

Done Internet zone

FIG. 27

0051823.044700

eAppointment - Calendar in Day View - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address: http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/calday.asp?uid=dthomas&sd=8/17/99 Links

eAppointment

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Today: August 16, 1999

August 1999

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	1	2	3	4

Aug 17 1999 Go

Day Week

Doug Thomas's Calendar Tuesday, August 17, 1999

8am

9am 9:00am-5:00pm Open for Appointment

10am

11am

12pm

1pm

2pm 2:00pm-2:30pm Appointment with Tommy Tam Moto Development Group (Pending)

3pm

4pm

5pm

6pm

7pm

8pm

2800

Done Internet zone

FIG. 28

0951825.041700

eAppointment - Appointment in Day View - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Go Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Channels Fullscreen Print

Address: http://www.eappointment.com/eapptest/appday.asp?uid=dthomas&sd=8/17/99&srv=1&auid=eapptommy Links

Home Account Info Preference Calendar Add Event Make Appointment Address Book Logout

Select Appointment Slot

Today: August 16, 1999

◀ August 1999 ▶

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	1	2	3	4

Aug 17 1999 Go

Select time slot below with Tommy Tam

Half Hour Meeting - 30 minutes

10am [10:00am-10:30am](#)
[10:30am-11:00am](#)

11am [11:00am-11:30am](#)
[11:30am-12:00pm](#)

12pm [12:00pm-12:30pm](#)
[12:30pm-1:00pm](#)

1pm [1:00pm-1:30pm](#)
[1:30pm-2:00pm](#)

2pm [2:30pm-3:00pm](#)

3pm [3:00pm-3:30pm](#)
[3:30pm-4:00pm](#)

4pm [4:00pm-4:30pm](#)
[4:30pm-5:00pm](#)

5pm [5:00pm-5:30pm](#)
[5:30pm-6:00pm](#)

6pm [6:00pm-6:30pm](#)

Doug Thomas's Calendar Tuesday, August 17, 1999 ▶

8am

9am 9:00am-5:00pm Open for Appointment

10am

11am

12pm

1pm

2pm 2:00pm-2:30pm Appointment with Tommy Tam, Moto Development Group (Pending)

3pm

4pm

5pm

6pm

7pm

8pm

Internet zone

FIG. 29

09551825 1041700

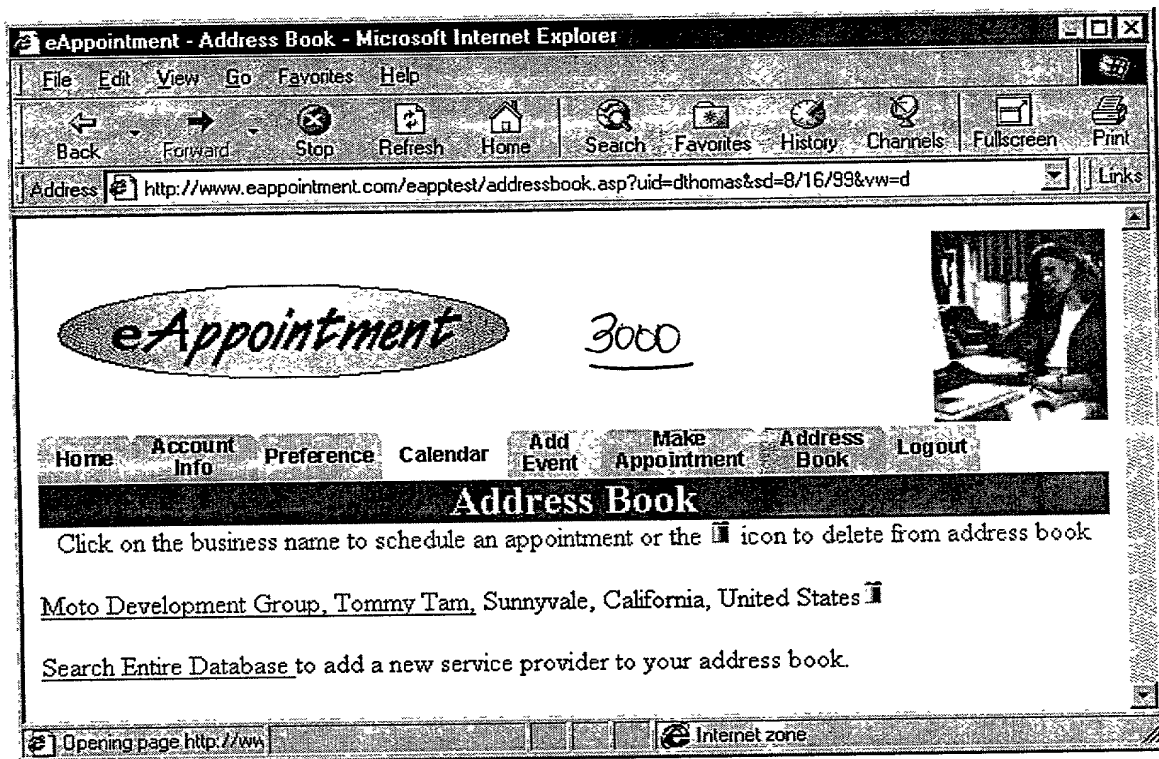


FIG. 30

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR ORIGINAL U.S. PATENT APPLICATION

Attorney's Docket No. ACC1P004

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: ON-LINE APPOINTMENT SYSTEM WITH ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATIONS the specification of which,

(check one)

1. ☒ is attached hereto.
2. ☐ was filed on _____ as
U.S. Application No. _____
and was amended on _____.
3. ☐ was filed on _____ as
International PCT Application No. _____
and was amended on _____.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, CFR § 1.56.

Prior Foreign Application(s)

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States code, § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

			Priority Benefits Claimed?
			Yes ___ No ___
_____	_____	_____	
(Application No.)	(Country)	(Filing Date)	
_____	_____	_____	Yes ___ No ___
(Application No.)	(Country)	(Filing Date)	

Provisional Application(s)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>60/149,346</u>	<u>August 18, 1999</u>
(Application No.)	(Filing Date)
<u>60/154,201</u>	<u>September 15, 1999</u>
(Application No.)	(Filing Date)

Prior U.S. Application(s)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application No.)

(Filing Date)

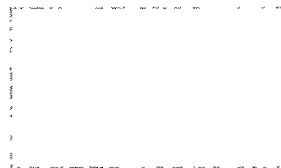
(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

Power of Attorney

And I hereby appoint the law firm of **Beyer Weaver & Thomas, LLP** and all practitioners who are associated with the Customer Number 022434 as my principal attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

Direct Correspondence To:

Customer Number: 022434
BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS, LLP
P.O. Box 130
Mountain View, CA 94042-0130



Direct Telephone Calls To:

C. Douglass Thomas at telephone number (650) 961-8300

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Typewritten Full Name of

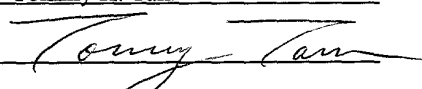
Sole or First Inventor:

Tommy H. Tam

Citizenship:

USA

Inventor's signature:



Date of Signature:

4/14/00

Residence:

(City)

Sunnyvale

(State/Country)

CA/USA

Post Office Address:

168 S. Bernardo Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94086

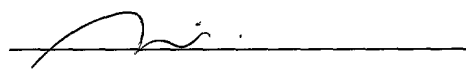
Second Inventor:

Ricky Mok

Citizenship:

Hong Kong

Inventor's signature:



Date of Signature:

Apr 14, 00

Residence:

(City)

Daly City

(State/Country)

CA/USA

Post Office Address:

30 Cobblestone Court, Daly City, CA 94014

Third Inventor:

Sherman C. Luk

Citizenship:

USA

Inventor's signature:

Date of Signature:

4/14/2000

Residence:

(City)

San Francisco

(State/Country)

CA/USA

Post Office Address:

150 Blake Street, #201, San Francisco, CA 94118

09541826-041200